

U.S. Department of
Homeland Security

**United States
Coast Guard**



Director
United States Coast Guard
National Pollution Funds Center

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5890
August 18, 2015

Via email: [REDACTED]

State of Texas General Land Office (SOSC)

[REDACTED]
1700 N. Congress Ave. Suite 935
Austin, Texas 78701-1495

Re: Claim Number N15037-0001
TGLO Spill Case # 2015-2273

Dear [REDACTED]:

The National Pollution Funds Center (NPFCC), in accordance with the Oil Pollution Act (OPA) (33 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.), has determined that it will offer \$1,370.95 as full compensation for OPA claim number N15037-0001.

This determination is based on an analysis of the information submitted. Please see the attached determination for further details regarding the rationale for this decision.

If you accept this determination, please sign the enclosed Acceptance / Release Agreement where indicated and return to the above address.

If we do not receive the signed original Acceptance / Release Agreement within 60 days of the date of this letter, the determination is void. If the determination is accepted, an original signature and a valid tax identification number (EIN or SSN) are required for payment. If you are a Claimant that has submitted other claims to the National Pollution Funds Center, you are required to have a valid Contractor Registration record prior to payment. If you do not, you may register free of charge at www.SAM.gov. Your payment will be mailed or electronically deposited in your account within 60 days of receipt of the Release Agreement.

If you have any questions or would like to discuss the matter, you may contact me at the above address or by phone at 1-800-280-7118.



Claims Manager
U.S. Coast Guard

ENCL: Claim Summary / Determination Form
Acceptance/Release Form

CLAIM SUMMARY / DETERMINATION FORM

Claim Number	: N15037-0001
Claimant	: State of Texas General Land Office
Type of Claimant	: State
Type of Claim	: Removal Costs
Claim Manager	: [REDACTED]
Amount Requested	: \$1,370.95

FACTS:

1. Oil Spill Incident: The United States Coast Guard Sector Houston/Galveston reports that on March 2, 2015, a spill of oil was discovered in the Gulf of Mexico, Galveston County, Texas, a navigable waterway of the U.S. The State of Texas General Land Office (TGLO) State On-Scene Coordinator (SOSC) [REDACTED] responded and found approximately 200 gallons of oil in Texas coastal waters. The SOSC coordinated with the Federal On-Scene Coordinator (FOSC), who opened a Federal Project Number (FPN) and hired OMIES for cleanup of the incident.

At this time, no Responsible Party (RP) has been identified.

2. Description of removal actions performed: The Claimant, TGLO, was part of the initial response to the spill site. As the State On Scene Coordinator, it responded and found approximately one gallon of oil in the water. After consulting with the FOSC, OMIES was contracted for cleanup and response, where it placed boom and pads followed by proper disposal.

3. The Claim: On August 13, 2015, TGLO submitted a removal cost claim to the National Pollution Funds Center (NPFC), for reimbursement of its uncompensated removal costs in the amount of \$1,370.95 for response services provided from June 19-26, 2015.

The review of the actual cost invoicing and dailies focused on: (1) whether the actions taken were compensable “removal actions” under OPA and the claims regulations at 33 CFR 136 (e.g., actions to prevent, minimize, mitigate the effects of the incident); (2) whether the costs were incurred as a result of these actions; (3) whether the actions taken were consistent with the NCP or directed by the FOSC, and (4) whether the costs were adequately documented.

APPLICABLE LAW:

"Oil" is defined in relevant part, at 33 USC § 2701(23), to mean “oil of any kind or in any form, including petroleum, fuel oil, sludge, oil refuse, and oil mixed with wastes other than dredged spoil”.

The Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund (OSLTF), which is administered by the NPFC, is available, pursuant to 33 USC §§ 2712(a)(4) and 2713 and the OSLTF claims adjudication regulations at 33 CFR Part 136, to pay claims for uncompensated removal costs that are

determined to be consistent with the National Contingency Plan and uncompensated damages. Removal costs are defined as “the costs of removal that are incurred after a discharge of oil has occurred or, in any case in which there is a substantial threat of a discharge of oil, the costs to prevent, minimize, or mitigate oil pollution from an incident”.

Under 33 USC §2713(b)(2) and 33 CFR 136.103(d) no claim against the OSLTF may be approved or certified for payment during the pendency of an action by the claimant in court to recover the same costs that are the subject of the claim. See also, 33 USC §2713(c) and 33 CFR 136.103(c)(2) [claimant election].

33 U.S.C. §2713(d) provides that “If a claim is presented in accordance with this section, including a claim for interim, short-term damages representing less than the full amount of damages to which the claimant ultimately may be entitled, and full and adequate compensation is unavailable, a claim for the uncompensated damages and removal costs may be presented to the Fund.”

Under 33 CFR 136.105(a) and 136.105(e)(6), the claimant bears the burden of providing to the NPFC, all evidence, information, and documentation deemed necessary by the Director, NPFC, to support the claim.

Under 33 CFR 136.105(b) each claim must be in writing, for a sum certain for each category of uncompensated damages or removal costs resulting from an incident. In addition, under 33 CFR 136, the claimant bears the burden to prove the removal actions were reasonable in response to the scope of the oil spill incident, and the NPFC has the authority and responsibility to perform a reasonableness determination. Specifically, under 33 CFR 136.203, “a claimant must establish -

- (a) That the actions taken were necessary to prevent, minimize, or mitigate the effects of the incident;
- (b) That the removal costs were incurred as a result of these actions;
- (c) That the actions taken were determined by the FOSC to be consistent with the National Contingency Plan or were directed by the FOSC.”

Under 33 CFR 136.205 “the amount of compensation allowable is the total of uncompensated *reasonable* removal costs of actions taken that were determined by the FOSC to be consistent with the National Contingency Plan or were directed by the FOSC. Except in exceptional circumstances, removal *activities* for which costs are being claimed must have been coordinated with the FOSC.” [Emphasis added].

DETERMINATION OF LOSS:

A. Overview:

1. Sector Houston/Galveston, as the FOSC for this incident, determined that the actions undertaken by the Claimant are deemed consistent with the NCP. 33 U.S.C. §§ 2702(b)(1)(B) and 2712(a)(4);¹
2. The incident involved the report of a discharge of “oil” as defined in OPA 90, 33 U.S.C. § 2701(23), to navigable waters.
3. A Responsible Party could not be determined. 33 U.S.C. § 2701(32).
4. The claim was submitted within the six year statute of limitations. 33 U.S.C. § 2712(h)(1)
5. In accordance with 33 CFR § 136.105(e)(12), the claimant has certified no suit has been filed in court for the claimed uncompensated removal costs.
6. The NPFC Claims Manager has thoroughly reviewed all documentation submitted with the claim and determined what removal costs presented were for actions in accordance with the NCP, and if the costs for these actions were indeed reasonable and allowable under OPA and 33 CFR § 136.205.

B. Analysis:

NPFC CA reviewed the actual cost invoices and dailies to confirm that the claimant had incurred all costs claimed. The review focused on: (1) whether the actions taken were compensable “removal actions” under OPA and the claims regulations at 33 CFR 136 (e.g., actions to prevent, minimize, mitigate the effects of the incident); (2) whether the costs were incurred as a result of these actions; (3) whether the actions taken were determined by the FOSC, to be consistent with the NCP or directed by the FOSC, and (4) whether the costs were adequately documented and reasonable.

The Claims Manager validated that the costs were incurred and also confirmed that they were billed in accordance with the state rates at the time services were rendered. The FOSC has determined that the actions undertaken by TGLO as the State On Scene Coordinator (SOSC) were reasonable, necessary and performed in accordance with the National Contingency Plan (NCP). The Claimant states that all costs claimed are for uncompensated removal costs incurred by the Claimant for this incident from June 19-26, 2015. The Claimant represents that the costs it paid are compensable removal costs, payable by the OSLTF as presented by the Claimant.

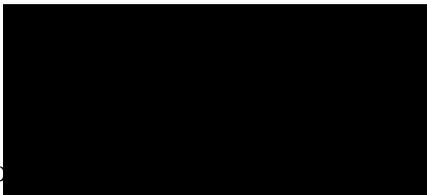
After a review of the file and corresponding FPN documents, the response by the State has been determined to be reasonable and necessary in accordance with the NCP. On that basis, the Claims Manager hereby determines that the Claimant incurred \$1,370.95 of uncompensated removal costs and that that amount is payable by the OSLTF as full compensation for the reimbursable removal costs incurred by the claimant and submitted to the NPFC under claim # N15037-0001

¹ See TGLO/USCG Sector Houston/Galveston Agreement, signed 3/02/2015 .

C. Determined Amount:

The NPFC hereby determines that the OSLTF will pay \$1,370.95 as full compensation for the reimbursable removal costs incurred by the Claimant and submitted to the NPFC under claim #N15037-0001.

AMOUNT: \$1,370.95

<p>Claim Supervisor: </p> <p>Date of Supervisor's review: <i>8/18/15</i></p> <p>Supervisor Action: <i>Approved</i></p> <p>Supervisor's Comments:</p>
