

CLAIM SUMMARY / DETERMINATION FORM

Claim Number	: 914141-0001
Claimant	: BP Exploration & Production, Inc.
Type of Claimant	: Corporate
Type of Claim	: Removal Costs
Claim Manager	: [REDACTED]
Amount Requested:	\$4,800.00

FACTS:

On March 23, 2014, the CG National Response Center (NRC) received notification of a large amount of surface residual tar balls (SRBs) washed up on the beach on Horn Island, Jackson County, MS, located on the Gulf of Mexico, a navigable waterway of the United States.¹ The CG Gulf Coast Incident Management Team (CG GCIMT) was notified and an email directive was issued to BP Exploration & Production (BP) to activate an oil spill response organization (OSRO) and supply two vessels for CG personnel to respond for cleanup operations on Horn Island as directed.²

On March 24, 2014, CG IMT personnel responded to the report of SRBs on-board vessels supplied by Danos & Curole Marine Contractors (BP's OSRO). CG IMT personnel performed cleanup of what appeared to be SRBs of MC252 origin throughout Segments MSJK01-039, MSJK01-040 and MSJK01-041 and properly disposed of them at Magnolia Landfill, Summerdale, AL.³ During the removal operations, CG representatives sampled an SRB from the beach located in Segment MSJK01-041 and on March 31, 2014 submitted it to the CG Marine Safety Lab (CG MSL) for analysis.⁴

Upon receipt the MSL assigned Case Number 14-108 to the sample. In an Oil Sample Analysis Report dated April 2, 2014, the MSL determined that sample 14-108-1 contained heavy petroleum oil with characteristics different from those samples of MC 252 oil. The MSL concluded that the sample was not derived from Deepwater Horizon oil.⁵ However, upon re-analysis of the sample, using as chromatography and gas chromatography-mass spectrometry methods, the MSL clarified that the qualitative review of the PAHs and biomarker profiles indicated that the petroleum oils in the sample resulted in a new fingerprint that could not be correlated to a single source based solely on chemical analysis.⁶ The biomarker profiles strongly suggested a relationship between the sample and Deepwater Horizon (MC-252) oil.⁷

HISTORY OF THE CLAIM:

¹ See NRC Report # 1077479 dated March 23, 2014.

² See email directive to BP dated March 24, 2014.

³ See NPFC Optional OSLTF Form submitted by BP dated September 11, 2014.

⁴ See MSL Case # 14-108 dated April 2, 2014.

⁵ Id.

⁶ See MSL Memo from Ms. [REDACTED] USCG MSL to Mr. [REDACTED] NPFC dated October 20, 2014.

⁷ Id.

On September 22, 2014, BP submitted a removal cost claim to the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund (OSLTF or the Fund) asserting that the services provided by BP's OSRO on March 24, 2014 was related to the cleanup of oil that was non-MC 252 oil. Claimant sought reimbursement of its uncompensated removal costs in the amount of \$4,800.00 for services provided from March 24, 2014, which included vessel use. The claimed removal costs are based on the rate schedule in place at the time services were provided.

Based on the subsequent analysis of sample number 14-108-1, the NPFC denied the claim on October 23, 2014.

BP timely sought reconsideration of the claim on November 6, 2014, arguing that the denial was arbitrary and capricious.⁸ It argued the following:

1. After initially concluding that the differences in PAH's supported a "non-match", the re-analysis seeks to adjust that conclusion, seeming to assert MSL's inability to determine whether the material was derived from DWH based upon PAH analysis.⁹
2. Any number of weathered, light sweet Louisiana crude oils could have a similar chemical fingerprint and could "suggest a relationship" to MC-252.¹⁰
3. The totality of circumstantial evidence surrounding many of the determinations points to unavoidable inconsistency that strongly suggests an error in analysis as of the 29 BP claims submitted from cleanup activity on Elmer's Island, LA, 12 of those BP claims have been paid by the NPFC while 17 of those BP claims were denied by the NPFC.¹¹

REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION:

A request for reconsideration must be in writing and include the factual or legal grounds for the relief requested, providing any additional support for the claim. 33 CFR 136.115(d). The claimant has the burden of providing any facts and legal arguments to support its request for reconsideration.

RECONSIDERATION ANALYSIS:

The NPFC, in a request for reconsideration, performs a *de novo* review of the entire claim submission, including new information provided by the claimant in support of the request for reconsideration and any new information or facts independently discovered by the NPFC.

Subsequent to the NPFC denial of this claim the MSL discovered that the sampling was not conducted in accordance with accepted chain of custody protocols. Collected samples were temporarily stored in a large plastic bag with all other samples collected on that date. Thus, it is not known if Sample Number 14-108-1, collected from Segment Segment MSJK01-041 on March 24, 2014, was in fact MC 252 oil, non MC 252 oil or a co-mingled oil where commingling occurred in the Gulf of Mexico or during collection actions.

⁸ In an e-mail dated November 6, 2014, BP notified the NPFC that the request for reconsideration was applicable to all 26 of its denied claims, which totaled 26.

⁹ Id.

¹⁰ Id.


¹¹ Id.

Thus, the MSL Oil Spill Report relied upon by the NPFC in its initial denial of this claim is unreliable. The administrative record for this claim does however evidence that a BP OSRO conducted removal actions on March 24, 2014 for claim number 914141-0001. There is evidence in the record that the tar balls collected by BP were oil as defined by OPA. Further, BP provided the OSRO rate sheet in place at the time of the removal actions and the claimed costs were based on that rate schedule. BP provided evidence that it paid the removal costs.

Based on the evidence provided by BP and evidence collected by the NPFC and the MSL, the NPFC determines that the removal actions in this claim were associated with a mystery spill and BP is entitled to removal costs in the amount of \$4,800.00.

DETERMINED AMOUNT:

The NPFC will offer **\$4,800.00** as full compensation for reimbursable removal costs incurred by the Claimant and submitted to the NPFC under claim # 914141-0001. All costs claimed are for charges paid for by the Claimant for removal actions as that term is defined in OPA and, are compensable removal costs payable by the OSLTF as presented by the Claimant.

Claim Supervisor: 

Date of Supervisor's Review: *1/22/15*

Supervisor Action: *Reconsideration Offer Approved*

Supervisor's Comments: