



#### **UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY** WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

#### OFFICE OF SOLID WASTE AND EMERGENCY RESPONSE

James C. Card Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard Chief, Office of Marine Safety, Security and Environmental Protection

Dear Admiral Card:

I am pleased to send you two copies of the U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Superfund Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), and request that you sign it. The MOU establishes funding coordination mechanisms for USCG access to Superfund, and it supersedes the MOU of January 4, 1982.

This MOU is the result of the joint USCG and USEPA MOU workgroup effort begun on June 9, 1993. The workgroup represented all concerned offices in both agencies. The resultant MOU will improve procedures for USCG access to the Superfund and will better serve both agencies' interests.

If you have any questions concerning the MOU please contact:

Jack Crawford	Mark Mjoness
National Pollution Funds Center	<b>Emergency Response Division</b>
USCG	USEPA
703-235-4742	703-603-8727

Please have your staff contact Mr. Mjoness after the MOU is signed and we will make arrangements for obtaining our copy.

I am pleased that the staff of our agencies were able to cooperate on the MOU.

Sincerely,

Elliott P. Laws Assistant Administrator



U.S. Department of Transportation **United States Coast Guard** 



Aug 17 1994

Elliott P. Laws Assistant Administrator Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response U.S. Environmental Protection Agency James C. Card Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard Chief, Office of Marine Safety, Security and Environmental Protection

Harvey G. Pippen, Jr. Director Office of Grants and Debarment U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Daniel F. Sheehan Director National Pollution Funds Center U.S. Coast Guard

Gentlemen:

We, the members of the joint U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Superfund Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) Workgroup, request that you sign the enclosed MOU between our agencies. The workgroup represents all concerned offices in both agencies. The MOU establishes funding coordination mechanisms for USCG access to Superfund, and it supersedes the MOU of January 4, 1982.

The MOU is the result of the workgroup effort begun on June 9, 1993. The resultant MOU will improve procedures for USCG access to the Superfund and will better serve both agencies' interests.

If you have any questions concerning the MOU please contact:

Mark Mjoness Emergency Response Division USEPA 703-603-8727 Jack Crawford National Pollution Funds Center USCG 703-235-4742

We are pleased to have been part of the joint effort.

Sincerely,

# **U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION** U.S. COAST GUARD AGENCY Mark Mjoness Darrell Neily **Emergency Response Division** National Pollution Funds Center Joseph Rauscher Jack Crawford **Emergency Response Division** National Pollution Funds Center Esther Williford CDR Kenneth Keane Marine Environmental Protection Division **Emergency Response Division** Margaret Dougherty Susan Dax National Pollution Funds Center Financial Management Division Kristen Skogebo John Andrzewjewski **Financial Management Division** National Pollution Funds Center CDR Robert Douville Nelson Price Financial Management Division National Pollution Funds Center

1	MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING
2	Between
3	THE UNITED STATES COAST GUARD
4	and
5	THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
6	
7	Procedures for United States Coast Guard Access to
8	Superfund, to Support Coast Guard Implementation of CERCLA

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## I. <u>PURPOSE</u>

 This Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) establishes funding and coordination mechanisms between the United States Coast Guard (USCG) and the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). USEPA is the fiduciary for Superfund as established under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), as amended. This MOU supersedes the MOU of January 4, 1982, between the USCG and USEPA, and its subsequent amendments.

## 10 II. <u>AUTHORITY</u>

Section 104 of CERCLA (42 USC 9604) authorizes the President to act " ... whenever (A) any hazardous substance is released or there is a substantial threat of such a release into the environment, or (B) there is a release or substantial threat of release into the environment of any pollutant or contaminant which may present an imminent and substantial danger to the public health or welfare...." Executive Order 12580 delegates certain authority and responsibility for response to the Administrator of the USEPA and the Secretary of the Department of Transportation (DOT). On October 9, 1981, and May 27, 1988, the USCG redelegated authority back to the USEPA for certain response actions at hazardous waste sites that require response action (see Attachment A). The USCG and the USEPA enter into this agreement to carry out their responsibilities under CERCLA.

#### A. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>:

1. "Remove or removal" as defined by section 101(23) of CERCIA, means the cleanup or removal of released hazardous substances from the environment; such actions as may be necessary taken in the event of the threat of release of hazardous substances into the environment; such actions as may be necessary to monitor, assess, and evaluate the release or threat of release of hazardous substances; the disposal of removed material; or the taking of such other actions as may be necessary to prevent, minimize, or mitigate damage to the public health or welfare or to the environment, which may otherwise result from a release or threat of release. The term includes, in addition, without being limited to, security fencing or other measures to limit access, provision of alternative water supplies, temporary evacuation and housing of threatened individuals not otherwise provided for, action taken under section 104(b) of CERCLA, and any emergency assistance which may be provided under the Disaster Relief Act of 1974. The term also includes enforcement activities related thereto.

III. <u>CERCLA COSTS</u>

purposes.

2.

43
44 The Hazardous Substance Superfund (Superfund) is the source of funds for CERCLA
45 removal costs incurred by the USCG. These costs are identified in three major categories:

"Incident" means the same as the term "site" for accounting and cost recovery

1 2 3	USCG removal actions, USCG support of USEPA removal actions, and USCG ongoing responsibilities. Such costs are reimbursed by the USEPA via interagency agreements (IAGs) between the USEPA and USCG. These IAGs are prepared in accordance with the					
4	procedures in Appendices (A) and (B), and the USEPA's <u>Interagency Agreement Policy</u> and Procedures Compandium of Sontamber 1088					
5 6	and	Procedures Compendium of September 1988.				
7	A.	<u>REMOVAL COSTS</u> :				
8						
9		USCG Federal On-Scene Coordinators (OSCs) conduct CERCLA removals. All				
10 11		incident-specific removal costs incurred by the USCG qualify as allowable costs under Superfund. These costs are extramural and intramural in nature.				
11 12		Superfund. These costs are extraineral and intraineral in nature.				
13		1. Extramural Costs				
14						
15		Extramural costs are those costs incurred external to the USCG: contractor/vendor,				
16 17		other government, etc. Examples of extramural costs include, but are not limited to, the following:				
17		the following.				
19		a. Contractor and consulting costs including lease or rental of equipment supplied				
20		by				
21		the removal contractor and subcontractor(s);				
22 23		b. Supplies, materials and equipment (including transportation costs) procured,				
23 24		leased or rented for the specific removal activity; and				
25		reased of femera for the specific femoval activity, and				
26		c. Reimbursement of allowable costs incurred by other Federal agencies (e.g.,				
27		NOAA), or State or local governments.				
28 20		2. Intromural Costa				
29 30		2. Intramural Costs				
31		Intramural costs include internal costs incurred by the USCG directly in support of				
32		removal activities.				
33						
34		Intramural costs include:				
35 36		a. Travel and per diem for USCG military and civilian personnel;				
37		a. That of and per along for object minitary and ertifican personnel,				
38		b. USCG military and civilian personnel costs including civilian overtime costs;				
39						
40		c. Supplies used in support of a removal activity;				
41 42		d. Charges for use of USCG owned equipment and resources;				
43		d. Charges for use of object owned equipment and resources,				
44		e. Replacement or repair of USCG equipment destroyed or damaged as a result of				
45		a removal; and				
46 47		f. Other miscellaneous expenses.				
47		f. Other miscellaneous expenses.				

1 B. USCG COSTS IN SUPPORT OF USEPA REMOVAL ACTIONS: 2 3 USCG costs in support of USEPA removal actions are incident-specific costs incurred 4 by USCG units in providing direct support to a USEPA OSC conducting a CERCLA 5 removal action. Funding for these costs is through IAGs between each USEPA 6 regional office and the USCG. In such cases, the USEPA OSC will be responsible for 7 certifying USCG costs. 8 9 C. ONGOING RESPONSIBILITIES COSTS: 10 11 Pursuant to responsibilities under CERCLA, the USCG conducts removals and 12 monitors removals by responsible parties. Ongoing responsibilities costs are generally 13 non-incident-specific costs for support of the following ongoing activities required to 14 create and maintain the capability to conduct and monitor removals: 15 16 **Emergency Removal Training and Equipment** 17 • Enforcement 18 • National Response Center Support 19 • 20 Medical Monitoring • 21 • Information Systems Program Management 22 • Response Readiness - National Response Team (NRT) and Regional Response 23 • Team (RRT) Support 24 25 Funding for these costs is transferred annually to the USCG in an "Ongoing 26 Responsibilities" IAG. The costs may be extramural or intramural. The annual IAG is 27 prepared in accordance with the procedures in Appendix B. 28 29 IV. ACCOUNTING FOR ONGOING RESPONSIBILITIES COSTS 30 31 Superfund accounting and recordkeeping requirements apply to costs funded under the 32 annual ongoing responsibilities IAG. All expenditures under the IAG are recoverable from 33 responsible parties through the application of the USEPA indirect cost model and must be 34 35 documented. Personnel levels are addressed in the approved personnel model entitled "Alternative Documentation for USCG Salaries Reimbursed by Superfund." The model 36 justifies the number of reimbursable Full Time Equivalents (FTEs) under the ongoing 37 responsibilities IAG. It analyzes workload and calculates FTE, but does not provide a 38 funding amount for personnel cost reimbursement. If the number of Superfund reimbursed 39 FTEs is greater than the number justified by the model, the USEPA will be reimbursed the 40 41 difference using average standard personnel costs. 42 This model is used during the annual DOT Superfund audit process to show how the USCG 43 Superfund activities translate into USCG billets reimbursed by Superfund. The model was 44 jointly developed and approved by the USEPA and USCG, and it can be revised upon the 45

46 concurrence of both agencies.

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## V. <u>INCIDENT CASE FILE</u>

The lead agency OSC (USCG or USEPA) shall maintain a case file for each incident. The case file includes the administrative record as defined in the National Contingency Plan (NCP) and contains information for determining liability and pursuing cost recovery. For each USCG CERCLA removal or support action for a USEPA CERCLA removal, the case file will contain documentation of all resources used and financial transactions associated with the incident, per Appendix A, and the following:

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## A. FINDING OF IMMINENT AND SUBSTANTIAL ENDANGERMENT:

For incidents with total estimated project costs less than \$250,000, the USCG will document the finding of imminent and substantial endangerment (endangerment determination) in the case file. This documentation will provide sufficient information describing the need for the CERCLA removal action including the threat or potential threat posed by the situation, hazardous substances present (if known) and the selected removal action. Attachment B is provided as a sample format for documenting this finding. The USCG OSC may elect to use either this endangerment determination format or to document the endangerment determination through another format (e.g., within a pollution report - POLREP). The endangerment determination should be made and documented before removal actions take place, circumstances permitting, or as early as possible after emergency removal actions begin.

## B. <u>ACTION MEMORANDUM</u>:

For incidents with total estimated project costs equal to or greater than \$250,000, the USCG will submit an approved action memorandum, which includes an endangerment determination, to the Director, Emergency Response Division (ERD), USEPA <u>prior</u> to obligating funds in excess of \$250,000 (see "Superfund Removal Procedures, Action Memorandum Guidance," USEPA Publication Number: EPA/540/P-90/004, OSWER Directive 9360.3-01, December 1990).

For incidents with total estimated project costs equal to or greater than \$250,000 <u>and</u> requiring an amendment to increase the funding authorized in the IAG, the USCG will submit a <u>draft</u> action memorandum to the Director, ERD, USEPA for review and timely comment, and coordination with the IAG amendment. When a USCG OSC needs to act immediately, ERD, USEPA may extend an oral commitment of funding. Oral commitments will be confirmed in writing.

In all cases, the action memorandum must describe the threat and the rationale for choosing a particular remedy - including the technical basis for the decision.

## 44 VI. <u>QUALITY ASSURANCE</u>

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The USCG will comply with its internal Quality Assurance (QA)/chain of custody policies and procedures, published in USCG Commandant Instructions, in responding to releases

- of hazardous substances, pollutants and contaminants. Commandant Instructions 1 2 M16465.29 and M16465.30 specifically address responses under CERCLA. The Marine Safety Manual, Commandant Instruction M16000 series, includes policy for pollution 3 4 removal activities. These instructions address the conduct of operations, personnel protection associated with operations, decision making, and identification and disposal of 5 recovered pollutants, and documentation. 6 7 8 The USCG utilizes commercial laboratories to identify substances in pollution incidents. To assure that the information from these laboratories is reliable, the USCG will utilize all 9 available information, including USEPA performance data, to evaluate candidate 10 laboratories. 11 12 For non-time-critical removals, the USCG will assure that the quality of physical, chemical, 13 and biological data developed in the assessment and operational phases of a removal is 14 addressed per the NCP and will be addressed as needed in removal contracts. 15 16 17 USEPA agrees to provide clause(s), or other language suitable for use in contractual statements of work, as requested, to assist the USCG in the preparation of these contracts. 18 19 20 **VII. MODIFICATION AND TERMINATION** 21 22 Either the USCG or the USEPA may propose changes to this MOU. Both agencies must 23 approve a change before it becomes effective. Either party may terminate the MOU by 24 giving a thirty (30) day written notice. Adding or changing appendices or attachments to 25 this MOU does not constitute modification of the overall MOU. 26 Such additions or changes may be made by agreement of officials responsible for the 27 specific subject area in the USEPA and USCG. The officials making any such change will 28 immediately bring the change to the attention of the signers of this MOU, or their 29 successors, and then publish the change so as to inform all users of the MOU. 30 31 **VIII. PERIOD OF AGREEMENT** 32 33 This MOU shall continue in effect until terminated, or modified or amended. This MOU 34 shall become effective on the date of the last signature below. 35 36 37
- 38

## IX. <u>SIGNATURES</u>

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5		
6	Elliott P. Laws	James C. Card
7	Assistant Administrator	Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard
8	Office of Solid Waste and Emergency	Chief, Office of Marine Safety, Security
9	Response	and Environmental Protection
10	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	
11		
12	DATE:	DATE:
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19	Harvey G. Pippen Jr.	Daniel F. Sheehan
20	Director	Director
21	Office of Grants and Debarment	National Pollution Funds Center
22	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	
23		
24	DATE:	DATE:

1 2	APPENDIX A				
3					
4 5	PROCEDURES FOR MULTI-INCIDENT REMOVAL INTERAGENCY AGREEMENTS (IAGS)				
6					
7 8	The following procedures apply to IAGs funding CERCLA removals conducted by USCG OSCs:				
9					
10 11	1. <u>ORIGINATION PHASE</u>				
11	Incidents can occur any day of the year, and the USCG must have funding to respond				
13	on the first day of the fiscal year. The following procedures are structured with the				
14	objective of providing funding without fiscal year transition interruption. If experience				
15	indicates a need for change, the procedures should be modified to meet the objective.				
16	In the absence of a current fiscal year budget, the USCG may incur incident-specific				
17 18	removal costs, pursuant to CERCLA, Executive Order 12580, and the NCP. In such cases, the USEPA will certify those costs as necessary and appropriate to the IAG				
18 19	project and in the government's best interests.				
20	project and in the government's best interests.				
21 22 23 24	A. The ERD, USEPA HQ, in cooperation with the National Pollution Funds Center (NPFC), USCG HQ, will develop the next fiscal year's cost estimate, budget, scope of work and special condition information for the IAG by August 31of each fiscal year.				
25 26 27 28 29 30	B. The ERD will prepare the IAG funding package three (3) original IAGS, a decision Memorandum and a commitment notice] and forward it to the Assistant Administrator, Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response (AA, OSWER) or designee for review and signature.				
31 32 33 34	C. When approved, the IAG funding package will be forwarded to the Grants Administration Division (GAD), USEPA for legal and administrative review and USEPA Action Official signature.				
35 36 37	D. Following USEPA Action Official signature, GAD transmits two complete IAGs to the NPFC, USCG. GAD keeps the third as back-up.				
38 39 40	E. The NPFC, USCG official shall review the IAG and, if acceptable, sign the two originals, retain one signed original and return the other to GAD.				
41 42 43 44 45 46	F. GAD shall retain the signed original and transmit one copy to the Cincinnati Financial Management Center (CFMC), USEPA for obligation and one copy to the ERD, USEPA.				

1 2	2. <u>EX</u>	KECUTION PHASE
2 3	Δ	NOTIFICATION:
4	71.	Within 24 hours following initiation of a CERCLA removal, the NPFC, USCG will
5		provide to the ERD, USEPA information (endangerment determination, POLREP
6		or action memorandum) on the incident and a cost estimate. In return, ERD will
		provide to NPFC a USEPA Site/Spill Identification (SSID) number to link the
7		USCG and USEPA records, tracking and financial systems.
8		USCO and USEFA records, tracking and financial systems.
9 10	D	INCIDENT CASE FILE:
10	D.	The lead agency OSC (USCG or USEPA) will maintain each incident's case file.
		For each USCG CERCIA removal or support action for an USEPA CERCLA
12 13		removal, the case file contains documentation of all resources used and financial
13 14		transactions associated with the incident.
14 15		transactions associated with the incluent.
15 16	C	POLLUTION REPORTS:
10	C.	The USCG shall provide copies of pollution reports (POLREPS) to the Director,
17		ERD, USEPA to provide CERCLA removal and fund obligation data. The initial
18 19		POLREP shall be provided within 72 hours of initiating CERCLA removal.
20		Progress POLREPs should be provided on a routine basis.
20 21		riogress i OEREI's should be provided on a routine basis.
21 22		No later than 2 weeks after completion of each incident removal, the USCG shall
22		forward a final POLREP to the ERD for inclusion in the USEPA's incident case
23		file.
25		
25 26	D	EQUIPMENT:
27	21	1. Purchase of equipment to support a removal will be recorded in the IAG and
28		the cost documentation records in the case file.
29		
30		2. Replacement of items in the National Strike Force (NSF) inventory will be
31		subject to the NSF CERCLA inventory controls.
32		у У
33		3. Replacement of USCG equipment or assets is an agency reimbursement, not
34		an equipment purchase for purposes of CERCLA recordkeeping.
35		
36		4. All equipment purchase records and the equipment will be available for
37		audit.
38		
39	E.	BILLING:
40		The USCG will submit a bill to:
41		
42		USEPA Cincinnati Financial Management Center
43		ATTN: Financial Management Officer
44		26 West Martin Luther King Drive
45		Cincinnati, OH 45268
46		

1		Each bill shall cite: 1) the number of the IAG providing the funding and 2) an
2		incident-specific breakdown of charges. Within 30 days of the billing, NPFC will
3		provide the ERD Project Officer and CFMC additional accounting system reports
4		detailing the costs on the bill by individual incidents using USEPA assigned SSID
5		numbers. CFMC will forward the bill to the USEPA Project Officer for review and
6		approval. Inadequately supported bills will not be paid, or in the case of OPACs
7		will be charged back.
8	_	
9	F.	USEPA REVIEW:
10		The USEPA Project Officer will review the billing documents and the other
11		supporting accounting system reports for reasonableness and will approve the
12		payment or, if questions arise, contact NPFC for clarification.
13		
14	G.	PRIOR NOTIFICATION OF COSTS:
15		The USCG will notify the USEPA Project officer before it incurs costs in excess of
16		80% of total budget amount for any IAG or in anticipation of undertaking a high
17		cost removal action. In such cases, upon the approval of the USEPA Project
18		Officer, the USCG and the USEPA will develop an amendment to the IAG for
19		increased funding.
20		
21	H.	<u>REPORTING REQUIREMENTS</u> :
22		
23		1. The USCG will submit quarterly progress reports to the USEPA Project
24		Officer showing obligations in each budget category, balance remaining,
25		summary of activities and property inventory. Reports will be cumulative
26		and the fourth quarterly report of the year will be the final report for the year.
27		
28		2. The USCG will maintain a list of funded incidents showing open/closed
29		status (i.e., whether further obligations will occur) and will send it to the
30		USEPA Project Officer with the quarterly progress reports.
31		
32		3. A detailed cost report for each incident will be provided to the USEPA
33		Project Officer with each quarterly report. Each incident-specific cost report
34		will detail costs by the elements which constitute the budget categories
35		appearing on Item 22, EPA IAG Form (1610-1) and all items of equipment
36		purchased outside standard inventory costing over \$1,000.
37		
38	I.	ADMIRALTY LAW CASES:
39		When a USCG OSC leads a CERCLA response involving certain time-sensitive
40		litigation such as an injunction, a vessel arrest or an action by a vessel owner to
41		limit liability, the USCG may be asked to provide the best available information
42		directly to the Department of Justice (DOJ), and it may be appropriate to do so.
43		DOJ often must respond within strict time limits set by the court, which may be
44		before the cost documentation records normally are ready to be forwarded to the
45		USEPA. The USCG agrees to cooperate in such matters, and also will immediately
46		notify the USEPA.
10		

## 3. <u>CLOSE-OUT PHASE</u>

2	
3	A. NOTIFICATION OF COMPLETION:
4	When the USCG has completed removal work on <u>all</u> incidents funded under the
5	IAG for a fiscal year, NPFC will submit, within 60 days, the fourth quarter progress
6	report. That report will serve as a final report to the USEPA Project Officer and
7	include:
8	
9	1. A list of incidents funded, showing the USEPA SSID number and total cost for
10	each incident.
11	
12	2. A summary of expenditures by budget category showing the balance of funds
13	remaining.
14	
15	3. A property inventory for non-expendable items costing over \$1,000 each.
16	
17	B. <u>OSC REPORTS</u> :
18	When an OSC report is prepared pursuant to the NCP, 40 CFR 300.165
19	(OSC reports), the USCG will submit a copy of the OSC report to the USEPA
20	Project Officer for inclusion in the incident case file.
21	
22	C. <u>CLOSE-OUT</u> :
23	Upon receipt of the final report the USEPA Project Officer will initiate close-out
24	procedures.
25	
26	D. <u>PROPERTY DISPOSITION</u> :
27	The USCG will consult the USEPA prior to disposition of property acquired under
28	the IAG to assure that the disposition method properly reflects the interests of
29	Superfund.

1	APPENDIX B
2	
3	<u>PROCEDURES FOR "ONGOING RESPONSIBILITIES</u> INTERAGENCY AGREEMENTS (IAGs)
4 5	INTERAGENCI AGREEVIENIS (IAGS)
6	The following procedures are for IAGs to reimburse costs incurred by the USCG for
7 8	support, training and maintenance of its removal capabilities:
9	1. ORIGINATION PHASE
10 11 12 13 14	A. The ERD, USEPA HQ, in cooperation with the NPFC, USCG HQ, develops the next fiscal year cost estimate, budget, scope of work and special condition information for the IAG by August 31 of each fiscal year.
15 16 17 18	B. The ERD shall prepare the IAG funding package [three (3) original IAGs, a decision memorandum and a commitment notice] and forward it to the AA, OSWER or designee for review and signature.
19 20 21	C. When approved, the IAG funding package will be forwarded to the GAD, USEPA for legal and administrative review and USEPA Action Official signature.
22 23 24	D. Following USEPA Action Official signature, GAD transmits two IAG forms to the NPFC, USCG. GAD keeps the third copy as back-up.
25 26 27	E. The NPFC, USCG official shall review and, if acceptable, sign the two original IAGs, retain one signed original and return the other to GAD, USEPA.
28 29 30	F. GAD shall retain the signed original and transmit one copy to the CFMC, USEPA for obligation and one copy to the ERD.
31 32	2. <u>EXECUTION PHASE</u>
33 34 35 36	<ul> <li>A. <u>BILLING</u>: To receive reimbursement for costs incurred under the IAG, the USCG shall submit a bill to:</li> </ul>
37 38 39 40	USEPA Cincinnati Financial Management Center ATTN: Financial Management Officer 26 West Martin Luther King Drive Cincinnati, OH 45268
41 42 43 44	CFMC will forward the bill to the USEPA Project Officer for review and approval. Inadequately supported bills will not be paid, or in the case of OPACs will be charged back.
45 46	Each bill shall contain the IAG number.

1		The USEPA Project Officer will review the bill for reasonableness and will
2		approve the payment or, if questions arise, contact NPFC for clarification.
3		
4		B. <u>REPORTING REQUIREMENTS</u> :
5		The LICCC settle energials the LICEDA Desired Officer settle the second
6		The USCG will provide the USEPA Project Officer with the ongoing
7		responsibilities project workplan by December 31 of each year. The workplan will include:
8 9		include.
9 10		• distribution of reimbursed FTEs by organizational location (specific field
10		office or division in Headquarters);
12		onnee of division in readquarters),
12		• identification of organizational elements with CERCLA responsibilities and
13		eligibility for funding under this agreement. Categorize each organization's
15		function under one or more of the following:
16		
17		• Emergency Removal Training and Equipment
18		• Enforcement
19		National Response Center Support
20		Medical Monitoring
21		• Information Systems
22		Program Management
23		Response Readiness - NRT and RRT Support
24		
25		1. The USCG will submit quarterly progress reports to the USEPA Project
26		Officer showing obligations in each budget category, balance remaining,
27		summary of activities and property inventory. Reports will be cumulative
28		and the fourth quarterly report of the year will be the final report for the
29		year.
30		
31		2. The USEPA Project Officer will file the workplan and the quarterly progress
32		reports in the ERD IAG file.
33	2	
34	3.	<u>CLOSE-OUT_PHASE</u> :
35		A When the USCC has completed work on all activities funded under that IAC
36 27		A. When the USCG has completed work on <u>all</u> activities funded under that IAG, NPFC will submit, within 60 days, the fourth quarter progress report. That will
37 38		serve as a final report to the USEPA Project Officer and include:
38 39		serve as a final report to the OSELAT roject Officer and include.
40		1. Summary of activities;
41		
42		2. Property inventory for non-expendable items costing over \$1000 each;
43		
44		3. Summary of expenditures by budget category and balance of funds
45		remaining.
46		

- B. Upon receipt of the final report, the USEPA Project Officer will initiate close-out procedures.
- C. The USCG will consult the USEPA prior to disposition of property acquired under this agreement to assure that the disposition method properly reflects the interests of Superfund.

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1			APPENDIX C			
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3						
4 5			<u>RECORDKEEPING</u>			
6 7 8	respons The US	Under CERCLA, the Federal government is authorized to recover removal costs from responsible parties, including investigatory, cleanup, enforcement and administrative costs. The USEPA intends to recover all such costs. The USCG has established the NPFC which,				
9	among	other	functions, administers USCG use of CERCLA funds.			
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	contain for Fed Consist multi-in	ed in t eral A tent with nciden	vill follow the Superfund financial management and recordkeeping guidelines the USEPA's "Superfund Financial Management and Recordkeeping Guidance gencies" (January 1989), unless specifically addressed in this MOU or an IAG. ith this, the USCG will create a case file for each incident funded under a at IAG. The case file will contain a complete set of cost records. The USCG the files for cost records for transactions under the ongoing responsibilities			
18	1 00					
19	1. <u>CO</u>	ST RE	ECOVERY DOCUMENTATION			
20	The		G records for Superfund activities will meet the following criteria needed for			
21 22		t recov	· · ·			
23	005		iory.			
24 25 26	А.	The	<u>ISISTENT FILING PROTOCOL</u> : USCG will maintain consistent records showing uses of Superfund. The G will use its own filing protocols.			
27 28 29 30	B.	The	ELY RESPONSE TO COST RECOVERY DOCUMENTATION REQUESTS: USCG will provide these records to the USEPA upon request within 30 days, ss otherwise agreed.			
31 32 33 34	C.	-	<u>CORDS RETAINED</u> : USCG will retain the following cost documentation:			
34 35 36		1.	Direct Costs Standard Personnel Costs (Including Fringe Benefits)			
37			Travel			
38			Extramural (e.g., contractor)			
39			Materials and Supplies			
40			Equipment			
41 42			Construction			
42 43		2.	Indirect Costs			
43 44		4.				
44 45		3.	Interagency Agreement Documents			
46						

1	Л	DECONCIL LATION.
1	D.	<u>RECONCILIATION</u> :
2		Periodically the USCG will reconcile cost documentation with data produced by its
3		accounting system.
4	г	
5	E.	PERSONNEL COST REIMBURSEMENT MODEL:
6		The USCG does not employ a universal timecard system that reflects CERCLA
7		activities. To provide detailed and accurate records of personnel costs reimbursed
8		under the ongoing responsibilities IAG, the USCG will periodically generate data
9		using the "Alternative Documentation for USCG Salaries Reimbursed by
10		Superfund" model. If the model justifies fewer than the number of existing
11		CERCLA billets, the USCG will reimburse Superfund for the unsupported number
12		of billets, using the average personnel cost of all the reimbursed billets. The USCG
13		will report the models' computation results in the fourth quarterly progress report.
14		If the model documents more FTEs than the number of existing CERCLA
15		reimbursed billets, reimbursement will not exceed the total amount agreed in the
16		current annual ongoing responsibilities IAG. Increased funding to support
17		additional FTEs in subsequent fiscal years may occur in the annual budget process.
18		
19	F.	STORAGE MEDIA & RECORD SAFETY:
20		USCG records will be located in the offices where they are used or other areas as
21		secure as possible from fire, water and other damage. Similar provision will be
22		made for safe long-term storage of inactive documentation.
23		
24	G.	IMAGED DOCUMENTS:
25		Use of imaged documents for cost documentation, billing, and all audit resolution is
26		acceptable under the following conditions:
27		
28		1. The imaging system is used in the normal course of business.
29		
30		2. The USCG can certify the accuracy of the system.
31		
32	H.	RECORD RETENTION:
33		The USCG or its contractors will retain all cost documentation on-site or at a
34		Federal Records Center for a minimum of ten years after submission of a final IAG
35		payment request. If legal action regarding an incident is initiated within the ten
36		year period, records will be retained until the conclusion of legal action. In
37		addition, the USCG will obtain written permission from the USEPA IAG Action
38		Official prior to disposing of any Superfund cost records. Lack of response from
39		the USEPA IAG Action Official within 30 days will constitute approval.
40		
41		
42	I.	AUDITS:
43		CERCLA requires the Inspector General of each Agency using Superfund to conduct an
44		annual audit of all transactions by that Agency involving the Superfund. USCG cost
45		documentation will be available for audit or verification upon request of the DOT
46		Inspector General. If, based on an audit by the DOT Inspector General, the USCG
-		1

1 2		determines that any direct or indirect costs charged to Superfund are unallowable, the USCG will immediately notify the USEPA and promptly reimburse Superfund.		
3				
4	2.	<u>IAG RECORDS</u>		
5				
6		The USCG financial and program management offices will maintain records for the		
7		multi-incident and ongoing responsibilities IAGs. Those records will include, when		
8		applicable:		
9				
10		A. <u>FINANCIAL RECORDS</u> :		
11		• IAG forms executed by both agencies.		
12				
13		• Invoices and payment records.		
14		Classout do sumantation if different from shows		
15 16		• Closeout documentation, if different from above.		
10		B. PROGRAM RECORDS:		
17		<ul> <li>Record of discussions and contacts and the resulting decisions.</li> </ul>		
19		• Record of discussions and contacts and the resulting decisions.		
20		• IAG forms executed by both agencies.		
20		in to forms executed by both ageneres.		
22		• Endangerment Determinations		
23				
24		Action Memoranda		
25				
26		• POLREPs		
27				
28		• Invoices and payment records.		
29				
30		• Closeout documentation, if different from above.		
31				
32				

1	ATTACHMENT A
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5	INSTRUMENTS OF REDELEGATION
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-	<b>INSTRUMENTS OF REDELEGATION</b>

#### THE SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION

#### WASHINGTON, D.C. 20590

OCT 2 1981

The Honorable Anne M. Gorsuch Administrator U. S. Environmental Protection Agency 401 "M" Street, S.W. Washington, D. C. 20460

Dear Mrs. Gorsuch:

Our respective staffs have worked out the attached redelegation instrument for certain functions contained in the "Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, P.L. 96-510" and Executive Order 12316, "Responses to Environmental Damage". The redelegating instrument is drafted consistent with Section 8 (f) of the Executive Order which authorizes redelegations of functions, with the consent of the head of the agency to which the functions are redelegated.

I am confident that the redelegation agreement properly assigns authority and responsibility consistent with the structure and delegations which you envision for the revised "National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan". I request that you countersign and return the enclosed redelegation instrument, thereby indicating your consent to the redelegation.

Sincerely,

1 Enclosure

#### **INSTRUMENT OF REDELEGATION**

In accordance with Section 8 (f) of Executive Order 12316 of August 14, 1981, the Secretary of the Department in which the Coast Guard is operating hereby redelegates to the Administrator, Environmental Protection Agency, subject to the Administrator's consent, all functions specified in Sections 2 (d), 2 (f), 2 (g), 3 (a), and 4 (b) of that Executive Order with the exception of the following:

- a. Functions related to responses to releases or threats of releases from vessels;
- b. Functions related to immediate removal action concerning releases or threats of releases at facilities other than active or inactive "hazardous waste management facilities" (as defined in 40 CFR 122.3); and
- c. Functions related to immediate removal action concerning releases or threats of releases at active or inactive "hazardous waste management facilities" when the Coast Guard On-Scene Coordinator determines that such action must be taken pending the arrival on scene of an Environmental Protection Agency On-Scene Coordinator. Unless otherwise agreed upon by EPA and Coast Guard, this authority will not be exercised unless the EPA OSC is scheduled to arrive on scene within 48 hours of notification of the release or threat.

For purposes of this instrument: the term "immediate removal action" includes any removal action which, in the view of the Coast Guard On-Scene Coordinator, must be taken immediately to prevent or mitigate immediate and significant harm to human life or health, to the environment, or to real or personal off-site property. Situations in which such action may be taken include, but are not limited to, fire, explosions, and other sudden releases; human, animal, or food chain exposure to acutely toxic substances; and the contamination of a drinking water supply.

All functions described in this instrument, whether redelegated or retained, include the authority to contract for, obligate monies for, and otherwise arrange for and coordinate the responses included within such functions.

Andrew L. Lewis, Jr.
Secretary of Transportation

Date

I hereby consent to the redelegation as set forth in this instrument

Anne M. Gorsuch
Administrator

Date

Appendix A

#### PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS

#### EXECUTIVE ORDER 12316 OF AUGUST 14, 1981

#### **RESPONSES TO ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE**

By the authority vested in me as President of the United States of America by Section 115 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (94 Stat. 2796; 42 U.S.C. 9615), it is hereby ordered as follows:

Section 1. National Contingency Plan.

- (a) The National Contingency Plan, hereinafter referred to as the NCP and which was originally published pursuant to Section 311 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1321) shall be amended to contain the implementing procedures for the coordination of response actions to releases of hazardous substances into the environment.
- (b) The NCP shall contain a concept of a national response team composed of representatives of appropriate Executive agencies for the coordination of response actions. The national response team shall, in addition to representatives of other appropriate agencies, include representatives of the following: Department of State, Department of Defense, Department of Justice, Department of the Interior, Department of Agriculture, Department of Commerce, Department of Labor, Department of Health and Human Services, Department of Transportation, Department of Energy, Environmental Protection Agency, Federal Emergency Management Agency, and United States Coast Guard.
- (c) The responsibility for the amendment of the NCP and all of the other functions vested in the President by Section 105 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response. Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, hereinafter referred to as the Act (42 U.S.C. 9605), is delegated to the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.
- (d) In accord with Section 111(h)(1) of the Act and Section 311(f)(5) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C., 1321(f)(5)), the following shall be among those designated in the NCP as Federal trustees for natural resources:
  - (1) Secretary of Defense.
  - (2) Secretary of the Interior.
  - (3) Secretary of Agriculture.
  - (4) Secretary of Commerce.

- (e) Amendments to the NCP shall be coordinated with members of the national response team prior to publication for notice and comment. Amendments shall also be coordinated with the Federal Emergency Management Agency and the Nuclear Regulatory Commission in order to avoid inconsistent or duplicative requirements in the emergency planning responsibilities of those agencies.
- (f) All amendments to the NCP, whether in proposed or final form, shall be subject to review and approval by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

#### Section.2. Response authorities.

- (a) The functions vested in the President by the first sentence of Section 104(b) of the Act relating to "illness, disease, or complaints thereof" are delegated to the Secretary of Health and Human Services who shall, in accord with Section 104(i) of the Act, perform those functions through the Public Health Service.
- (b) (1) The functions vested in the President by Section 101(24) of the Act, to the extent they require a determination by the President that "permanent relocation of residents and businesses and community facilities" is included within the terms "remedy" or "remedial action" as defined in Section 101(24) of the Act, are delegated to the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
- (2) The functions vested in the President by Section 104(a) of the Act, to the extent they require permanent relocation of residents, businesses, and community facilities or temporary evacuation and housing of threatened individuals not otherwise provided for, are delegated to the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
- (c) The functions vested in the President by Section 104 (a) and (b) of the Act are delegated to the Secretary of Defense with respect to releases from Department of Defense facilities or vessels, including vessels owned or bare-boat chartered and operated.
- (d) Subject to subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this Section, the functions vested in the President by Sections 101(24) and 104 (a) and (b) of the Act are delegated to the Secretary of the Department in which the Coast Guard is operating, hereinafter referred to as the Coast Guard, with respect to any release or threatened release involving the coastal zone, Great Lakes waters, ports, and harbors.
- (e) Subject to subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this Section, the functions vested in the President by Sections 10(24) and 104 (a) and (b) of the Act are delegated to the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, hereinafter referred to as the Administrator.
- (f) The functions vested in the President by Section 104 (c), (d), (f), (g), and (h) of the Act are delegated to the Coast Guard, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and the Administrator in order to carry out the functions delegated to them by subsections (a), (b), (d), and (e) of this Section. The exercise of authority under Section 104(h)

of the Act shall be subject to the approval of the Administrator of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy.

- (g) The functions vested in the President by Section 104(e)(2)(C) of the Act are delegated to the Administrator, all other functions vested in the President by Section 104(e) of the Act are delegated to the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Coast Guard, the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in order to carry out the functions delegated to them by this Section.
- Section 3. Abatement Action.
  - (a) The functions vested in the President by Section 206(a) of the Act are delegated to the Coast Guard with respect to any release or threatened release involving the coastal zone, Great Lakes water, ports, and harbors.
  - (b) Subject to subsection (a) of this Section, the functions vested in the President by Section 106(a) of the Act are delegated to the Administrator.

Section 4. Liability.

- (a) The function vested in the President by Section 107)(c)(i)(C) of the Act is delegated to the Secretary of Transportation.
- (b) The Functions vested in the President by Section 107(c)() of the Act are delegated to the Coast Guard with respect in any release or threatened release involving the coastal zone, Great Lakes waters, ports, and harbors.
- (c) Subject to subsection (b) of this Section, the functions vested in the President by Section 107(c)(3) of the Act are delegated to the Administrator.
- (d) The functions vested in the President by Section 107(f) of the Act are delegated to each of the Federal trustees for natural resources set forth in Section 1(d) of this Order to resources under their trusteeship.
- Section 5. Financial Responsibility.
  - (a) The functions vested in the President by Section 107(k)(6)(B) of the Act are delegated to the Secretary of the Treasury. The Administrator will provide the Secretary with such technical information and assistance as the Administrator may have available.
  - (b) The functions vested in the President by Section 108(a) of the Act are delegated to the Federal Maritime Commission. Notwithstanding Section 1(d) of Executive Order No. 12291, the regulations issued pursuant to this authority shall be issued in accordance with that Order. The Commission shall be responsible, in accord with Section 109 of the Act, for the enforcement of civil penalties for violations of the regulations issued under Section 108(a) of the Act.

- (c) The functions vested in the President by Section 108(b) of the Act are delegated to the Secretary of Transportation with respect of all transportation related facilities, including any pipeline, motor vehicle, rolling stock, or aircraft.
- (d) Subject to subsection (c) of this Section, the functions vested in the President by Section 108(b) of the Act are delegated to the Administrator.

Section.6. Employee Protection and Notice to Injured.

- (a) The functions vested in the President by Section 110(e) of the Act are delegated to the Secretary of Labor.
- (b) The functions vested in the President by Section 111(g) of the Act are delegated to the Secretary of Defense with respect to releases from Department of Defense facilities or vessels, including vessels owned or bare-boat chartered and operated.
- (c) Subject to subsection (b) of this Section, the functions vested in the President by Section 111(g) of the Act are delegated to the Administrator.
- Section 7. Management of the Hazardous Substance Response Trust Fund and Claims.
  - (a) The functions vested in the President by Section 111(a) of the Act are delegated to the Administrator, subject to the provisions of this Section and applicable provisions of this Order.
  - (b) The Administrator shall transfer, to transfer appropriation accounts for other agencies, from the Hazardous Substance Response Trust Fund, out of sums appropriated, such amounts as the Administrator may determine necessary to carry out the purposes of the Act. These allocations shall be consistent with the President's Budget, within the amounts approved by the Congress, unless a revised allocation is approved by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.
  - (c) The Administrator shall chair a budget task force composed of representatives of agencies having responsibilities under this Order or the Act. The Administrator shall also, as part of the budget request for the Environmental Protection Agency, submit a budget for the Hazardous Substance Response Trust Fund which is based on recommended allocations developed by the budget task force. The Administrator may prescribe reporting and other forms, procedures, and guidelines to be used by the agencies of the Task Force in preparing the budget request.
  - (d) The Administrator and each agency head in whom funds are allocated pursuant to this Section, with respect to funds allocated to them, are authorized in accordance with Section 111(f) of the Act to designate Federal officials who may obligate such funds.
  - (e) The functions vested in the President by Section 112 of the Act are delegated to the Administrator for all claims presented pursuant to Section III.

#### Section 8. General Provisions.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Order, any representation pursuant to or under this Order in any judicial or quasi-judicial proceedings shall be by or through the Attorney General. The conduct and control of all litigation arising under the Act shall be the responsibility of the Attorney General.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Order, the President's authority under the Act to require the Attorney General to commence litigation is retained by the President.
- (c) The functions vested in the President by Section 301 of the Act are delegated as following:
  - (1) With respect to subsection (a), to the Administrator in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury.
  - (2) With respect to subsection (b), to the Secretary of the Treasury.
  - (3) With respect to subsection (c), to the Secretary of the Interior.
  - (4) With respect to subsection (f), to the Administrator.
- (d) The Attorney General shall manage and coordinate the study provided for in Section 301(e) of the Act.
- (e) The performance of any function under this Order shall be done in consultation with interested agencies represented on the national response team, as well as with any other interested agency.
- (f) Certain functions vested in the President by the Act which have been delegated or assigned by this Order may be redelegated to the head of any agency with his consent; those functions which may be redelegated are those set forth in Sections 2, 3, 4(b), 4(c), and 6(c) of this Order.
- (g) Executive Order No. 12286 of January 19, 1981, is revoked.

# THE WHITE HOUSE *August 14, 1981.*

[FR Doc. 81-24411 Filed 8-16-81, 1:23 pm] Billing code 3125-01-M

#### **INSTRUMENT OF REDELEGATION**

- Except as provided in paragraph 2 below, in accordance with Section 11(g) of Executive Order 12580 of January 23, 1987, the Secretary of the Department in which the Coast Guard is operating hereby delegates to the Administrator, Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), subject to the Administrator's consent.
  - a. all functions specified in Sections 2(f) 4(c), and 5(b) of that Executive Order; and
  - b. the functions specified in Sections 2(i), 2(j)(2), 2(k), and 6(c) of that Executive
     Order to the extent that those functions relate to the functions specified in
     Section 2(f) of that Executive Order.
- 2. The functions redelegated under this Instrument of Redelegation do not include;
  - a. functions related to responses to releases or threats of releases from vessels;
  - b. functions related to emergency action concerning releases or threats of releases at facilities other than active or inactive "hazardous waste management facilities" (as defined in 40 CFR 270.2); and
  - c. functions related to emergency action concerning releases or threats of releases at active or inactive "hazardous waste management facilities" when the Coast Guard On-Scene Coordinator (OSC) determines that such action must be taken pending the arrival on scene of an EPA OSC. Unless otherwise agreed upon by the EPA and Coast Guard, this authority will not be exercised unless the EPA OSC is scheduled to arrive on scene within 48 hours of notification of the release or threat of release.
- 3. For purposes of this Instrument, the term "emergency action", includes any removal action which, in the view of the Coast Guard OSC, must be taken immediately to prevent or mitigate immediate and significant danger to the public health, welfare or the environment. Situations in which such actions may be taken include, but are not limited to, fire, explosions, and other sudden releases; human, animal, or food chain exposure to acutely toxic substance, and the contamination of a drinking water supply.

4. All functions described in this document, whether redelegated or retained, include the authority to contract for, obligate monies for, and otherwise arrange for and coordinate the responses included within such functions.

(Acting)

Secretary of Transportation

I hereby consent to the redelegation as set forth in this instrument.

Date

Date

Administrator, Environmental Protection Agency

## ATTACHMENT B

## **ENDANGERMENT DETERMINATION**

## FINDING OF IMMINENT AND SUBSTANTIAL ENDANGERMENT AT THE SUPERFUND INCIDENT

Because of the factors outlined below, I have determined that a threat exists to the public health or welfare or the environment at the \_\_\_\_\_\_ Superfund incident. An imminent and substantial endangerment to the public health or welfare or the environment exists because of an actual or threatened release of a hazardous substance at or from the incident.

#### 1. SUPERFUND INCIDENT INFORMATION

Incident Name:
Incident Number:
Incident Location:
(County, and State)
USCG Contractor:
Potentially Responsible Party:
Access: Restricted Unrestricted
NPL Status:
Removal Start Date:
THREAT TO PUBLIC HEALTH OR WELFARE OR THE ENVIRONMENT A. Chronological Background

(e.g., when incident initially identified and by whom, number of drums, etc.)

2.

B. Hazardous Substances Present

(if known, otherwise indicate "suspected hazardous substance")

C. Nature of Actual or Threatened Release of Hazardous Substance at or from the Incident \_\_\_\_\_\_

(e.g., drum of unknown materials washed ashore, leaking drum, unknown material released into a stream resulting in a fish kill, level of security provided to minimize threat, etc.)

Check applicable factors (from Section 300.415 of the National Contingency Plan NCP) which were considered in determining the appropriateness of a removal action:

	(i) Actual or potential exposure sure to nearby human nimals, or the food chain from hazardous substances or ontaminants.
. , . ,	(ii) Actual or potential contamination of drinking water nsitive ecosystems.
	(iii) Hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants in , tanks, or other bulk storage containers, that pose a threat of
. , . ,	(iv) High levels of hazardous substances or pollutants or n soils largely at or near the surface, that may migrate.
	(v) Weather conditions that may cause hazardous substances or contaminants to migrate or be released.
300.415(b) (2)	(vi) Threat of fire or explosion.
	(vii) The availability of other appropriate Federal or State anisms to respond to the release.
Other situation	as or factors that may pose threats to public health or welfare or nt.

3. SELECTED REMOVAL ACTION (briefly describe removal; e.g., disposal of drums, neutralization of corrosive, conduct of analysis to determine hazardous substances present, security provided to eliminate threat, etc.)

This finding of imminent and substantial endangerment has been entered in the incident's administrative record.

(Signature)

( typed name )

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ title\_\_\_\_\_\_)