



## EMERGENCY KITS

To fully prepare your family for an emergency, build one or more emergency kits that include enough supplies for at least three days. Keep a kit prepared at home ready to use or take with you, and consider also having kits in your car and at work. These kits will enable you and your family to respond to an emergency more quickly. Your various emergency kits will be useful whether you have to shelter in place or evacuate.

### ***What to Put in Your Basic Home Kit***

- Necessary
  - Water—at least one gallon per person per day for at least three days (Consider iodine and a filtration system to treat water if your supply runs out.)
  - Food—nonperishable food for at least three days
  - Manual can opener
  - First aid kit
  - Prescription medications and medical equipment/care aids
  - N95- or N100-rated dust masks
  - Personal sanitation supplies, such as moist towelettes (one container for every two individuals), garbage bags, and plastic ties
  - Flashlight
  - Battery-powered or hand-crank radio and cell phone charger
  - All-hazards NOAA (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration) weather radio
  - Extra batteries
  - Cash (at a minimum \$100 in small bills)
  - A wrench or any tools needed for turning off utilities
  - Local maps, your family emergency plan, and emergency contact numbers
  - Your command reporting information
  - Important documents, including will, medical and financial power of attorney, property documents, medical instructions—printed copies or electronic copies on a durable storage media such as a thumb drive and stored in waterproof container
  - Emergency preparedness handbook



- Additional
  - Infant formula and diapers
  - Pets supplies, including food, water, medication, leash, travel case, and documents
  - Reusable plates, paper cups, plastic utensils, saucepan, and portable stove
  - Disinfectant
  - Matches or flint in a waterproof container
  - Sleeping bag or other weather-appropriate bedding for each person
  - A weather-appropriate change of clothes for each person
  - Coats or jackets and rain gear
  - Fire extinguisher
  - Paper and pencil
  - Books, games, puzzles, toys, and other activities for children
  - Any items necessary for individuals with special needs, such as wheelchair batteries or medical equipment
  - Any items necessary for a specific type of disaster
  
- In the event of an influenza pandemic, some extra precautions are in order:
  - Water, food, and prescription medicine supplies to cover two weeks
  - Hand wash with 60%–95% alcohol content
  - Thermometer
  - Medicines for fever and diarrhea
  - Fluids with electrolytes
  - Surgical masks
  
- Additional items that can be essential for those deployed or stationed abroad:
  - Passports
  - Birth, marriage, and birth abroad (for children born overseas) certificates
  - Cash (at a minimum \$100 in small bills) in the local currency
  - Card with local translations of basic terms
  - Electrical current converter

Store your emergency kit in an easily accessible area such as a cupboard by the door and make sure everyone in your family knows where it is.

Consider whether your area is likely to face a specific threat. If your home is prone to flooding, store your kit upstairs. If you face tornados, think about storing your kit in the basement.

### ***Semper Paratus***

**Be “Always Ready.” Be informed about what might happen, make an emergency plan with your family, and build an emergency supply kit good for at least three days.**

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### ***Portable Emergency Kit***

- Take this kit with you when you are ordered to evacuate.
- Place items in a designated area that will be easily accessible in the event of an emergency.
- Make sure every member of your family knows where the kit is.
- If you are required to shelter in place, keep this kit with you.
- Consider adding enough supplies to last two weeks.

### ***Workplace Emergency Kit***

- This kit should be in one container to be kept at your work station in case you must evacuate from work.
- Make sure you have comfortable walking shoes at your work place in case you have to walk long distances.
- This kit should include at least food, water, and a first aid kit.
- Make sure you include your family's communications procedure.

### ***Vehicle Emergency Kit***

- In the event that you are stranded while driving, keep this kit in your vehicle at all times.
- This kit should contain at a minimum food, water, a first aid kit, signal flares, jumper cables, and seasonal clothing (coats, rain gear).
- Make sure you include your family's communications procedure.

### ***Maintaining Your Kits***

- Routinely evaluate your kits and their relevance to the threats in your area and current season.
- Throw away and replace any expired or damaged medications, food, or water.

### ***Where to Find Additional Information***

- Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Ready.gov—
  - <http://www.ready.gov/build-a-kit>
  - [http://www.ready.gov/sites/default/files/documents/files/checklist\\_1.pdf](http://www.ready.gov/sites/default/files/documents/files/checklist_1.pdf)
  - <http://www.ready.gov/maintaining-your-kit>
  - <http://www.ready.gov/kit-storage-locations>

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