

CEU Miami

This supplement contains additional state hazardous waste regulations within CEU Miami. If state hazardous waste regulations are more restrictive than Federal hazardous waste regulations, then the more restrictive state regulations must be followed. Refer to the particular state regulations based on the physical location of the USCG Unit/Facility.

Table of Contents

Alabama	3
Arkansas	5
Florida	7
Georgia.....	9
Iowa.....	11
Kentucky	13
Louisiana	15
Mississippi.....	17
Missouri.....	19
Nebraska.....	21
Oklahoma.....	23
South Carolina	25
Tennessee	27
Texas.....	29
West Virginia.....	31

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Alabama

This section addresses the addition hazardous waste regulations, hazardous waste turn-in procedures, inspections and recordkeeping requirements for the State of Alabama.

Hazardous Waste Regulation

1. Any containers used by SQGs and LQGs for the accumulation of hazardous waste that have a capacity of 30 gallons or more cannot be stacked more than two high.
2. The State of Alabama requires the submittal of hazardous waste activity regardless of generator status annually on EPA Form 8700-13A.
3. The State of Alabama has adopted universal waste regulations in accordance with 40 CFR 273.

Hazardous Waste Turn-In

The following are the additional hazardous waste turn-in procedures required for proper turn-in and disposal of hazardous wastes from USCG units and facilities located within the State of Alabama.

1. If hazardous waste generated at the facility is destined for disposal at a TSDF located within the State of Alabama, the facility must receive approval from the Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) and be issued a Disposal Approval Number. No waste must be disposed of at a commercial hazardous waste facility in the State sooner than 5 working days following the ADEM's receipt of notification unless the generator has previously received acceptance notification. Recertification of the initial notification must be made biennially. Recertification must also be received if the process generating the waste, the waste description, or the chemical composition of the waste stream has changed. If emergency authorization has been granted by the ADEM, the generator must submit a complete ADEM Form 278 01/96 to the Department within 15 calendar day.

Inspections and Recordkeeping

The following section describes the recordkeeping and inspection requirements for managing hazardous materials and hazardous waste.

No additional requirements.

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Arkansas

This section addresses the addition hazardous waste regulations, hazardous waste turn-in procedures, inspections and recordkeeping requirements for the State of Arkansas.

Hazardous Waste Regulation

1. The State of Arkansas manages PCBs as hazardous waste.
2. For SQGs and LQGs, the State of Arkansas requires the submittal of hazardous waste annual reports.
3. The State of Arkansas has adopted universal waste regulations in accordance with 40 CFR 273.

Hazardous Waste Turn-In

The following are the additional hazardous waste turn-in procedures required for proper turn-in and disposal of hazardous wastes from USCG units and facilities located within the State of Arkansas.

1. All generators (including CESQGs) must manifest the hazardous waste shipments.
2. No tolling agreement exclusion is provided.
3. Alabama department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) manifest forms must be used for any hazardous waste shipment to any location in Arkansas for storage, treatment, or disposal. For each manifest that shows a significant discrepancy, the discrepancy must be resolved within 15 days after receiving the waste, or the generator must submit to the ADEQ a letter describing the discrepancy, the attempts to reconcile it, and a has included a copy of the manifest or shipping paper at issue. A discrepancy report must be provided to ADEQ when a significant discrepancy is discovered for shipments to a TSDF.

Inspections and Recordkeeping

The following section describes the recordkeeping and inspection requirements for managing hazardous materials and hazardous waste.

No additional requirements.

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Florida

This section addresses the addition hazardous waste regulations, hazardous waste turn-in procedures, inspections and recordkeeping requirements for the State of Florida.

Hazardous Waste Regulation

1. The State of Florida has adopted universal waste regulations in accordance with 40 CFR 273.
2. LQGs must document inspections and maintain adequate aisle space between containers of hazardous waste to allow for inspection of the condition and labels of the individual containers.. LQGs must inspect areas where containers are stored, at least weekly, and keep written documentation of inspections for at least 3 years. At a minimum, the inspections documentation must include the date and time of the inspection, legibly printed name of the inspector, number of containers, the condition of the containers, a notation of the observations made, and the date and nature of any repairs or other remedial actions.
3. SQGs are limited to 180-day onsite accumulation without a permit. The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) will not grant an additional 90 days onsite storage for SQGs sending wastes to TSDFs more than 200 miles distance (i.e., no equivalent to the federal 270-day accumulation period).
4. SQGs must submit biennial reports to the FDEP on USEPA Form 8700-13A/B.

Hazardous Waste Turn-In

The following are the additional hazardous waste turn-in procedures required for proper turn-in and disposal of hazardous wastes from USCG units and facilities located within the State of Florida.

No additional requirements.

Inspections and Recordkeeping

The following section describes the recordkeeping and inspection requirements for managing hazardous materials and hazardous waste.

1. CESQGs are required to meet additional recordkeeping requirements. When a CESQG chooses to send its hazardous waste to an offsite TSDF, the hazardous waste delivery must be documented through written receipts and other records. The records must be retained for at least 3 years and include names and addresses of the generator and the TSDF, the type and amount of hazardous waste delivered, and the date of shipment.

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Georgia

This section addresses the addition hazardous waste regulations, hazardous waste turn-in procedures, inspections and recordkeeping requirements for the State of Georgia.

Hazardous Waste Regulation

1. The State of Florida has adopted universal waste regulations in accordance with 40 CFR 273; however, there are additional requirements for mercury lamps.

Hazardous Waste Turn-In

The following are the additional hazardous waste turn-in procedures required for proper turn-in and disposal of hazardous wastes from USCG units and facilities located within the State of Georgia.

No additional requirements.

Inspections and Recordkeeping

The following section describes the recordkeeping and inspection requirements for managing hazardous materials and hazardous waste.

No additional requirements.

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Iowa

This section addresses the addition hazardous waste regulations, hazardous waste turn-in procedures, inspections and recordkeeping requirements for the State of Iowa.

Hazardous Waste Regulation

1. The State of Iowa has adopted universal waste regulations in accordance with 40 CFR 273.
2. All generators (including CESQGs) must notify the Iowa Department of Natural Resources (DNR), Environmental Protection Division of the activity.

Hazardous Waste Turn-In

The following are the additional hazardous waste turn-in procedures required for proper turn-in and disposal of hazardous wastes from USCG units and facilities located within the State of Iowa.

No additional requirements.

Inspections and Recordkeeping

The following section describes the recordkeeping and inspection requirements for managing hazardous materials and hazardous waste.

No additional requirements.

Spill Response

All hazardous waste generators must meet specific notification requirements in the event of a hazardous condition. As soon as possible, but not later than 6 hours after the occurrence or discovery of a hazardous condition, the generator must notify the DNR and the local police department or the office of the sheriff of the affected county. The generator must also submit a written report disclosing the details of the hazardous occurrence is to the DNR within 30 days of the initial notification.

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Kentucky

This section addresses the addition hazardous waste regulations, hazardous waste turn-in procedures, inspections and recordkeeping requirements for the State of Kentucky.

Hazardous Waste Regulation

1. The State of Kentucky has adopted the federal universal waste rules 40 CFR 273.
2. Generators of nerve and blister agents must identify them as listed hazardous waste.
3. Generators that treat, store, dispose, transport, or offer for transport, hazardous waste must register with the Kentucky Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Cabinet. Annual registrations must be submitted to the Cabinet on the Annual Registration of Hazardous Waste Activity form, DEP-7050, at least 45 days before the expiration date shown on the generator's registration. Generators that no longer generate hazardous waste onsite, close their facility, or go out of business must notify the Cabinet in writing within 30 days after the generation of hazardous waste ceases.
4. All generators must submit an annual report to the Cabinet that includes the following information:
 - a. the EPA identification number, name, and address of the generator
 - b. the calendar year covered by the report
 - c. a description of the efforts undertaken during the year to reduce the volume and toxicity of waste generated
 - d. a description of the changes in volume and toxicity of waste actually achieved during the year in comparison to previous years to the extent such information is available for years prior to 1984
 - e. the EPA identification number, name, and address of each offsite TSDF in the United States to which waste was shipped during the year
 - f. the name and EPA identification number of each transporter used during the reporting year for shipments to a TSDF within the United States
 - g. a description, EPA hazardous waste number, DOT hazard class, and quantity of each hazardous waste shipped offsite for shipments to a TSDF within the United States.

Hazardous Waste Turn-In

The following are the additional hazardous waste turn-in procedures required for the proper turn-in and disposal of hazardous wastes for USCG units and facilities located within the State of Kentucky.

No additional requirements.

Inspections and Recordkeeping

The following section describes the recordkeeping and inspection requirements for managing hazardous materials and hazardous waste.

No additional requirements.

Louisiana

This state specific section addresses the addition hazardous waste regulations, hazardous waste turn-in procedures, inspections and recordkeeping requirements for the State of Louisiana.

Hazardous Waste Regulation

1. The State of Louisiana regulates used antifreeze as a universal waste.
2. The State of Louisiana has adopted universal waste regulations in accordance with 40 CFR 273.
3. Generators which dispose of hazardous waste onsite must submit a quarterly report to the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ), Office of Environmental Services, Environmental Assistance Division, no later than 15 days after the beginning of each calendar quarter. The quarterly report must include total quantities (calculated on a daily basis), by type of waste handled, and how that waste was disposed of during the previous calendar quarter.
4. Generators who ship hazardous waste offsite for treatment, storage, or disposal must submit an annual report to the LDEQ, Office of Environmental Services, Environmental Assistance Division, by 1 March of each year.
5. Hazardous waste container storage areas must have a containment system.
6. Containment systems at hazardous waste container storage areas must meet closure criteria.

Hazardous Waste Turn-In

The following are the additional hazardous waste turn-in procedures required for proper turn-in and disposal of hazardous wastes from USCG units and facilities located within the State of Louisiana.

1. Generators must provide a Chem-Card or similar emergency card, or a statement concerning the hazardous nature of the material and general guidelines for an emergency situation involving this hazardous waste to accompany the manifest on shipments and loads. Generators must also provide railroad companies with the necessary emergency response information and the manifest document number, which are to be included in the waybill.

Inspections and Recordkeeping

The following section describes the recordkeeping and inspection requirements for managing hazardous materials and hazardous waste.

1. Quarterly reports must be retained onsite for at least 3 years from the date of disposal.
2. Container inspection records must be maintained for at least 3 years from the date of inspection.

Mississippi

This section addresses the addition hazardous waste regulations, hazardous waste turn-in procedures, inspections and recordkeeping requirements for the State of Mississippi.

Hazardous Waste Regulation

1. The State of Mississippi has adopted the federal universal waste rules 40 CFR 273.
2. LQGs and SQGs must submit an annual report by 1 March of each calendar year that includes the type and amount of hazardous waste generated during the preceding calendar year.

Hazardous Waste Turn-In

The following are the additional hazardous waste turn-in procedures required for the proper turn-in and disposal of hazardous wastes for USCG units and facilities located within the State of Mississippi.

No additional requirements.

Inspections and Recordkeeping

The following section describes the recordkeeping and inspection requirements for managing hazardous materials and hazardous waste.

No additional requirements.

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Missouri

This state specific section addresses the addition hazardous waste regulations, hazardous waste turn-in procedures, inspections and recordkeeping requirements for the State of Missouri.

Hazardous Waste Regulation

1. The State of Missouri has adopted the federal universal waste rules 40 CFR 273.
2. If used oil is not being recycled, the used oil must be handled as hazardous waste under a state specific listing code of D098.
3. Used oil filters are not exempt from hazardous waste handling and management, unless hot drain for 24 hours or crushed.
4. Oral and written notifications for military munitions must be made to the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MDNR), emergency response coordinator at (573) 634-2436 or (573) 634-CHEM.
5. All generators must manifest hazardous waste disposal and shipments (including CESQGs).
6. LQGs and SQGs must file a one-time notification of hazardous waste activity on form MO-780-1164. However, registration with the MDNR, Division of Environmental Quality is not required for CESQGs. Transporters accepting hazardous waste only from CESQGs are also not required to register, unless the transporter accumulates 100 kg or more of hazardous waste.
7. Registered generators must submit manifest summary reports. Registered generators must report the quantity, type and status of all hazardous waste shipped off-site during the reporting period on the manifest summary report regardless of the destination of the shipment. The following generators must file an annual manifest summary report by 15 August following the reporting year period (July 1 through June 30):
 - a. generators who do not ship any hazardous wastes.
 - b. generators who make only one shipment of hazardous waste during the entire reporting year.
 - c. generators defined as a SQG for the entire reporting year.
8. LQGs that have more than one shipment of hazardous waste during the reporting year (July 1 through June 30) must file quarterly manifest summary reports. All summary reports must be signed and certified by an authorized representative. The manifest summary report must be submitted in the format provided by the MDNR. A generator who is located out of Missouri must only report the quantity, type and status of hazardous waste shipped to any designated facility located in Missouri on the manifest summary report.

9. LQGs must provide safety equipment such as fire blankets, gas masks, and self-contained breathing apparatus.
10. LQGs and SQGs must meet pre transportation, containerization, and labeling requirements during the entire onsite storage period. However, the generator is not required to mark the manifest document number for the shipment on the container until it is prepared for off-site shipment.
11. LQGs and SQGs must meet specific requirements for satellite accumulation points. Within 1 year from the date satellite storage begins, irrespective of the quantity of hazardous waste in the satellite storage area, the hazardous waste must be transferred to the area where hazardous waste is stored during the applicable 90-, 180-, or 270- day storage period. Containers must be marked with either with the words HAZARDOUS WASTE or with other words that identify the contents of the containers and the beginning date of satellite storage.
12. LQG and SQG container storage areas must have a containment system.
13. LQGs and SQGs must remove all hazardous waste and hazardous waste residues upon closure of a storage area. All hazardous waste and hazardous residues must be properly disposed of upon closure of a storage area. Closure of a storage area occurs when the storage area has not been used or is not expected to be used for 1 year.
14. CESQGs may not accumulate waste onsite (i.e., no accumulation allowance for up to 1000 kg of hazardous as in the Federal regulations).

Hazardous Waste Turn-In

The following are the additional hazardous waste turn-in procedures required for the proper turn-in and disposal of hazardous wastes for USCG units and facilities located within the State of Missouri.

1. LQGs and SQGs must meet specific manifest requirements. LQGs must use the Missouri manifest form and complete the manifest prior to shipping the hazardous waste offsite. Generators must also use the Missouri hazardous waste manifest document number (the 6 digit generator identification number and the consecutive shipment number). The Missouri manifest does not include a continuation sheet.

Inspections and Recordkeeping

The following section describes the recordkeeping and inspection requirements for managing hazardous materials and hazardous waste.

No additional requirements.

Nebraska

This section addresses the addition hazardous waste regulations, hazardous waste turn-in procedures, inspections and recordkeeping requirements for the State of Nebraska.

Hazardous Waste Regulation

1. The State of Nebraska has adopted the federal universal waste rules 40 CFR 273.
2. LQG and SQG notification must be submitted to the Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality (NDEQ) within 90 days of commencement of activities generating hazardous waste or transportation of such waste. An amended notification must be submitted to the NDEQ not later than 30 days after any change in the information or status of the generator. If such a change includes conducting activities at a location other than onsite, a new identification number must be obtained. Any changes in hazardous waste codes must be address in the Biennial Report.
3. LQGs must have a contingency plan and meet state-specific emergency procedure requirements. For new construction only, a copy of the contingency plan must be submitted to the State Fire Marshall.

Hazardous Waste Turn-In

The following are the additional hazardous waste turn-in procedures required for the proper turn-in and disposal of hazardous wastes for USCG units and facilities located within the State of Nebraska.

No additional requirements.

Inspections and Recordkeeping

The following section describes the recordkeeping and inspection requirements for managing hazardous materials and hazardous waste.

1. LQGs and SQGs must keep records of test results, waste analyses, or other determinations for wastes subject to land disposal restrictions for at least 5 years.

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Oklahoma

This section addresses the addition hazardous waste regulations, hazardous waste turn-in procedures, inspections and recordkeeping requirements for the State of Oklahoma.

Hazardous Waste Regulation

1. The State of Oklahoma has adopted the federal universal waste rules 40 CFR 273.
2. LQGs must submit activity reports to the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ). On a quarterly basis, LQGs must submit copies of manifests signed by receiving facilities for wastes transported outside the U.S.
3. LQGS must have an approved disposal plan and operate within the criteria of the plan. LQGs must also notify the ODEQ of any proposed changes to the disposal plan at least 5 working days before changes occurred. The ODEQ must approves the changes before their implementation.

Hazardous Waste Turn-In

The following are the additional hazardous waste turn-in procedures required for the proper turn-in and disposal of hazardous wastes for USCG units and facilities located within the State of Oklahoma.

1. LQGs must include the disposal plan number on the hazardous waste manifests before offering hazardous waste for shipment.

Inspections and Recordkeeping

The following section describes the recordkeeping and inspection requirements for managing hazardous materials and hazardous waste.

No additional requirements.

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South Carolina

This section addresses the addition hazardous waste regulations, hazardous waste turn-in procedures, inspections and recordkeeping requirements for the State of South Carolina.

Hazardous Waste Regulation

1. The State of South Carolina has adopted the federal universal waste rules 40 CFR 273.
2. The State of South Carolina requires the submittal of hazardous waste activity report annually for SQGs. LQGs must submit a hazardous waste activity report quarterly.
3. Generators must not stack containers more than two high.
4. Generators must meet specific training requirements for the management of satellite accumulation points. This training requirement is in addition to federal requirements for the management of satellite accumulation points. Personnel must successfully complete a program of classroom instruction or on-the-job training that teaches them to perform their duties in a way that ensures the facility's compliance with regulatory requirements. Records document that the required training (or job experience) must be given to, and completed by, facility personnel. Training must be repeated as necessary when there is a change in the hazardous waste being accumulated.
5. SQGs must make an annual declaration of hazardous waste generating activities. SQGs must declare status annually on or before 31 January by submission of a completed form as designated by the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC). They must certify that they are a SQG and provisionally exempt from full regulation and that, should their status change during the calendar year, they will comply fully with all requirements, including quarterly reporting.

Hazardous Waste Turn-In

The following are the additional hazardous waste turn-in procedures required for the proper turn-in and disposal of hazardous wastes for USCG units and facilities located within the State of South Carolina.

No additional requirements.

Inspections and Recordkeeping

The following section describes the recordkeeping and inspection requirements for managing hazardous materials and hazardous waste.

1. Annual and Quarterly Reports must be retained for three years.

Tennessee

This section addresses the addition hazardous waste regulations, hazardous waste turn-in procedures, inspections and recordkeeping requirements for the State of Tennessee.

Hazardous Waste Regulation

1. The State of Tennessee has adopted the federal universal waste rules 40 CFR 273.
2. The State of Tennessee requires the submittal of hazardous waste activity SQGs and LQGs annually on EPA Form 8700-12.

Hazardous Waste Turn-In

The following are the additional hazardous waste turn-in procedures required for the proper turn-in and disposal of hazardous wastes for USCG units and facilities located within the State of Tennessee.

No additional requirements.

Inspections and Recordkeeping

The following section describes the recordkeeping and inspection requirements for managing hazardous materials and hazardous waste.

1. CESQGs must keep records of waste determinations.

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Texas

This section addresses the addition hazardous waste regulations, hazardous waste turn-in procedures, inspections and recordkeeping requirements for the State of Texas.

Hazardous Waste Regulation

1. The State of Texas has adopted the federal universal waste rules 40 CFR 273 (paint and paint-related waste must also be managed as universal waste).
2. The State of Texas has specific household hazardous waste regulations for collection facilities
3. CESQGs must submit an Annual Summary Report only if the following conditions are not met:
 - a. Total on-site accumulation of hazardous and Class I waste does not equal or exceed 1000 kg during the year.
 - b. No acute hazardous waste was generated or accumulated during the year exceeding a total of 1 kg of acute hazardous waste listed in 40 CFR 261.31, 261.32, or 261.33(e) or a total of 100 kg of any residue or contaminated soil, waste, or other debris resulting from a clean-up or spill of any of the listed acute hazardous waste.
 - c. a total of less than 1200 kg of hazardous waste, and a total of less than 1200 kg of Class I non-hazardous waste, (2400 kg of hazardous waste plus Class I non-hazardous waste combined) was generated during the year.
4. CESQGs must meet specific record keeping requirements:
 - a. The description, character, and classification of each waste, and any changes and additional information required for notification
 - b. The quantity generated
 - c. The quantity processed or disposed of at each onsite facility unit during the calendar year
 - d. The method of storage, processing, or disposal as described by codes listed on the form or instructions
 - e. The quantity shipped off-site for storage, processing, or disposal each calendar year, including the name, address, and location of each off-site facility and transporter receiving shipments
5. LQGs and SQGs must complete and submit an Annual Waste Summary to the Texas Natural Resources Conservation Commission on or before 25 January of each year detailing the management of each hazardous waste and Class 1 waste generated on site during the previous calendar year. LQGs must also submit a biennial report to the Commission on even number years.

Hazardous Waste Turn-In

The following are the additional hazardous waste turn-in procedures required for the proper turn-in and disposal of hazardous wastes for USCG units and facilities located within the State of Texas.

1. Generators must meet specific documentation requirements for waste determinations by submitting the following documentation to the Texas Natural Resources Conservation prior to waste shipment or disposal and not later than 90 days of initial waste generation:
 - a. description of waste
 - b. date of initial waste generation
 - c. description of process that generated the waste
 - d. hazardous waste determination
 - e. all analytical data and/or process knowledge used to characterize Class 3 wastes, including quality control data
 - f. waste classification determination.

Inspections and Recordkeeping

The following section describes the recordkeeping and inspection requirements for managing hazardous materials and hazardous waste.

1. All waste stream documentation (including quality control data) must be maintained by the generator on-site immediately upon waste generation and for a minimum of 5 years after the waste is no longer generated or stored, or until site closure.

West Virginia

This section addresses the addition hazardous waste regulations, hazardous waste turn-in procedures, inspections and recordkeeping requirements for the State of West Virginia.

Hazardous Waste Regulation

1. The State of West Virginia has adopted the federal universal waste rules 40 CFR 273.
2. CESQGs may not send hazardous waste and acute hazardous waste to offsite municipal or industrial waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities.
3. SQGs must ensure proper closure of container storage areas. When a SQG closes (permanently removes from service) a container or tank storage area, 40 CFR 265.114 (standards for disposal or decontamination of equipment, structures, and soils) must be followed to ensure that no contamination exists or remains at the storage location.

Hazardous Waste Turn-In

The following are the additional hazardous waste turn-in procedures required for the proper turn-in and disposal of hazardous wastes for USCG units and facilities located within the State of West Virginia.

No additional requirements.

Inspections and Recordkeeping

The following section describes the recordkeeping and inspection requirements for managing hazardous materials and hazardous waste.

1. CESQGs must meet specific recordkeeping requirements. CESQG must establish and maintain on site a written record specifying the quantity and types hazardous wastes disposed of, the dates the wastes were transported off site and the final disposition of the wastes. The preferred method for this requirement is via the manifest.

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