

4. The temporary grade to which the member would have been promoted had it not been for the physical disability for which he or she retired, if eligibility for that promotion was based on cumulative years of service or years of service in grade and the disability was discovered as a result of his or her physical examination for promotion (10 U.S.C. 1372).

12.C.15.g. Procedure to Certify Highest Grade or Rate on Retirement

1. Commander (CGPC-epm) or (CGPC-opm) will administratively review the record of each individual scheduled to retire to determine the highest grade or rate in which his or her Coast Guard service is satisfactory.
2. In the absence of a reduction in grade by a Special Court-Martial or General Court-Martial, service will be considered satisfactory and the member will be certified to the highest grade if he or she served on active duty for at least six months in a commissioned officer grade or 31 days in a chief warrant officer or enlisted grade and his or her official records indicate overall satisfactory performance for the entire period served in the higher grade.
3. When an officer reverts from a higher grade due to approval of a board which recommended such reversion, his or her service in the higher grade will not be considered satisfactory unless he or she was later promoted again to the higher grade and meets the requirements of Article 12.C.15.g.2. above.
4. If the administrative review described in Article 12.C.15.g.1. does not result in a determination of satisfactory service, the determination will be referred to a special board of officers who will review the member's official records and make its recommendation to the Commandant. The board acts in an advisory capacity and its recommendation shall be considered as such. The Commandant makes the final determination of satisfactory service.

12.C.16. Computing Retired Pay

Commanding officers should encourage members applying for retirement to become familiar with the following helpful information.

12.C.16.a. Electing Retirement for Service

1. For Members Who First Became a Member of a Uniformed Service on or Before 7 September 1980: If a member retires for service, determine his or her pay by multiplying two and one-half percent (2.5%) times the number of years and full months of active service to get a "multiplier;" multiply that by the member's basic pay on the retirement date (for chief warrant officers, on the day before retirement) to derive gross monthly retired pay. See Figure 12.C.16.1. Members who had previous drilling Reserve service are entitled to an additional day of active duty for each Reserve point earned. An enlisted member may be eligible for 10 percent additional pay for extraordinary heroism or good conduct. See Article 12.C.16.d. After retirement, the