

Good Rules to Know

01 MAR 2014

****This tool will be updated as policy dictates.**

Commands shall NOT authorize lodging or per diem while on ADOS orders if the reserve member lives within 50 miles of the unit, or has a reasonable commute time of 1.5 hours. DTOD is the only authorized distance calculator.

"50 miles from the drill site or a distance that may be traveled by automobile under average conditions of traffic, weather and roads in a one and one-half hour period..."

Ref: Reserve Policy Manual, M1001.28B Chapter 5.C.1.a,b.

BAH entitlements are based on the zipcode of the member's primary residence on the first day of orders. This entitlement cannot be modified unless there is a 24 hour break in service. Location Where BAH is Based – Called to Active Duty/ADT on or after 6 Jan 2006.

(1) Called/Ordered to Active Duty for More Than 30 Days on or after 6 Jan 2006. A RC member called or ordered to active duty for more than 30 days, except a member without dependents during initial entry training, is authorized BAH or OHA for the location of their place of principal residence beginning on the first active duty day Chapter 3 pg. 3-45 (e) Change in Principal Place of Residence. A RC member who changes their principal place of residence for any reason other than official PCS orders upon or after starting ADT or ADOT orders will continue to receive the principal place of residence (locality-based) BAH rate initially authorized.

Ref: PAY MANUAL, COMDTINST M7220.29B, Chapter 3pg. 3-44

Members not in compliance with CG weight standards are not eligible to accept any type of active duty orders.

Reservists ordered to active duty other than normal ADT-AT shall be screened.

Reservists found non-compliant should not be ordered to active duty.

Ref: Reserve Policy Manual, M1001.28B Chapter 3.1.5.

*****If a member is overweight they are non-compliant. They cannot come on orders. The next step is the member must get the proper medical screening completed, go on probation period to lose the weight, if the probation period expires and they have not become compliant they will be transferred to the ISL until they lose the weight.**

Ref: Weight Manual, COMDINST M1020.8H

IADT Requirements for Deployment OCONUS -

A newly enlisted person must have completed a MINIMUM of 84 days of IADT, which is a combination of basic training and "A" school to be eligible to accept any type of active duty orders, with the exception of ADT-AT.

Members with prior service who completed 84 or more days of IADT, to include basic training and/or specialty training, qualify for any type of active duty orders.

Ref: 10 USC 671: (84 Day Rule)

"Reservists who have not completed initial active duty for training (IADT) are not eligible to perform ADOS. "

Ref: Active Duty for Operational Support (ADOS,) COMDTINST 1330.1D, Aug 2012

Hardship Duty Pay / Imminent Danger Pay-

PSU members deployed to SOUTHCOM will receive \$150 per month for HDP-L. If a member goes into the “**detention facility**” per the White Paper and PPC email to PAC-13 as of 02 July 2013, he/she will receive a flat \$100 for HDP plus IDP of \$7.50 per day as logged and verified by the CO for that month. NOTE: Due to duty rotations / limited days it may be more beneficial for members to just receive HDP-L at \$150. Seven days or more must be logged in order for a pay benefit. The approved PPC log sheet will be given to all unit FROs/SPOs prior to arriving in theatre.

Ref: FMR Volume 7A, Chapter 10 and 17

PDMRA- Post Deployment Mobilization Respite Absence- Current RC Service members who, on the first day of their current qualifying mobilization, had been mobilized pursuant to sections 12301(a), 12302, or 12304 in excess of 12 months out of the previous 72 months may qualify for PDMRA days. Service members, at a minimum, must meet PDMRA eligibility for 30 consecutive days in order to begin accruing PDMRA days. Upon meeting the minimum 30 consecutive day requirement, Service members earn one day of PDMRA for each 30 days segment, through the end of orders. All PDMRA earned must be taken prior to any terminal leave, or the entitlement will be forfeited.

Ref: DODI 1327.06

Difference between 10 U.S.C. 12302 and 10 U.S.C. 12301(d)

12302 are involuntary contingency orders that provide a DSF dwell ratio period of 1 to 4, meaning a member can not be recalled involuntarily for four years beginning the day after his/her release from active duty.

Ref: DODi Directive Number 1235.12, Feb. 4, 2010

12301(d) are voluntary contingency orders that are not affected by the dwell period.

Leave-You may Use it, Sell it, or NOW Save it.

Use- Active duty orders may not be extended to allow a member to take earned leave.

Sell- Payment of sold leave is based on basic pay only.

Save - Members may carry forward earned leave to be used during a future activation.

***When PAC-13 DSF units deploy, one Reserve Month is authorized to take earned leave. This month is included in the original mobilization orders. This essentially covers the approximate 30 days they would have earned during the activation. Members may NOT work up until the last day of their orders – they must go on leave or have their orders ended early.

Ref: ALCOAST 519/11

Members in Transit on Examination Date of Service Wide

Assigned examining board or ESO of any military service may administer an SWE to personnel in transit (PCS, TDY, or on leave) on the scheduled SWE date. If a unit knows the member will be TDY, PCS, or on leave on the test date, he or she should contact the

member's SPO. When advised, the SPO will submit the appropriate transaction to change the member's OPFAC to the unit that will be administering the SWE.

Ref: *Enlisted Accessions, Evaluations, and Advancements COMDTINST M1000.2 Chap. 3.B.2.a & b.*

DEERS vs. Direct Access

Any change in dependency requires an update to DEERS and Direct Access. Any amendment / modification to orders will require the member to update DEERS otherwise the coverage may expire. ALL required documentation must be presented to both the DEERS representative and the SPO.

TAMP–

Members who mobilize in support of a contingency operation are entitled to TAMP. It is the member's responsibility to ensure DEERS is notified. This benefit starts at "Pre-Alert Mobilization Phase" which is 180 days prior to the start of their orders. This entitlement expires 180 days after the orders are completed. Members must enroll in TAMP at a DEERS office to receive a TAMP ID card. It is important to verify with the DEERS office to ensure proper coverage is noted in the TriCare database. Once this step is complete, members must enroll with a local TriCare representative. The DD-214 must have a separation code of **MBK** to be eligible for this benefit. Enrollment in TriCare Reserve Select must occur 30 days prior to the end of the TAMP entitlement to avoid any gap in coverage.