

TABLE A-VI/4-2 Guideline for Assessment
Specification of minimum standard of proficiency for persons in charge of medical care on board ship

Column 1 STCW Competence	Column 2 Knowledge, understanding and proficiency	Column 3 Performance Conditions (Conditions under which performance is measured)	Column 4 Performance Behavior (Mariner knowledge or action including consequences of same) Demonstration or Oral/Written Exam	Column 5 Performance Standards (Minimum criteria against which performance is measured)
Provide medical care to the sick and injured while they remain on board	Care of the casualty involving: 1 head and spinal injuries .2 injuries to ear, nose, throat and eye	Given a simulated patient On a written exam	The candidate will be able to demonstrate techniques for conducting a neurological assessment The candidate will identify treatments for injuries to the ear, nose throat and eyes	The candidate will correctly demonstrate the following assessment techniques and state the significance of each finding: Pupil reaction Level of responsiveness Peripheral neurological assessment of function and sensation The candidate will correctly list at least 70% of the following treatments for injuries to the ear, nose throat and eyes: Use of external bandaging only for bleeding ear or nose Need to immobilize object impaled in eye Need to bandage both affected and unaffected eye Need to flush eye with copious amount of water if exposed to chemical With throat injury, anticipate compromised airway and maintain describe airway management techniques

	.4 burns, scalds and frostbite	On a written exam	The candidate will identify signs and symptoms if burns, scalds and frostbite and list treatments for each.	<p>Constriction band Tape Insertion site dressing Spike infusion tubing into IV fluid container and prime tubing to remove air. Select vein in upper extremity suitable for intravenous catheter insertion Cleanse insertion site with alcohol or povidone Apply constriction band Locate vein and insert an over-the-needle type catheter into the vein When blood enters the flash chamber, candidate advances the catheter into the vein. When catheter is fully advanced, candidate removes constriction band, attached infusion tubing and secures infusion device to patient using tape. Candidate applies sterile dressing to insertion site and tapes the infusion tubing into a tension loop. Candidate will demonstrate method to open infusion of fluid by releasing tubing roller clamp</p> <p>The candidate will correctly identify 70% of the following on a written test:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Signs and symptoms of burns and scalds to include superficial burns (1st degree) as reddened skin, partial thickness burns(2nd degree) as reddened skin with blistering and full thickness burns (3rd degree) as burns with charring of tissue. ▪ Treatment for each type of burn to include: Superficial: immerse in cool water, contact medical direction Partial thickness: remove from source of
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	.5 fractures, dislocations and muscular injuries	Given a simulated patient and materials for splinting	The candidate will demonstrate splinting of and ankle fracture and immobilization of a dislocated shoulder	<p>heat. Cover with dry sterile dressings. Contact medical direction</p> <p>Full thickness: Cover with dry sterile dressing, treat for shock. Anticipate high risk of infection. Contact medical direction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Identify any burns to the palms of the hands, soles of feet, genitals or face and neck as possibly life-threatening or serious. ▪ Describe signs of frostbite to include: Pale skin with delayed capillary refill, white or waxy skin, firm or frozen feeling on palpation, swelling and blisters, loss of sensation to affected areas ▪ Describe treatment for frostbite to include: slowly re-warming affected parts, anticipate need for pain relief, gently applying sterile dressings, contacting medical direction <p>The candidate will correctly apply a pillow splint to an ankle fracture, following the following procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Manually stabilize the fractured ankle and leg. ▪ Assess distal neuro-vascular function ▪ Apply pillow to ankle and lower leg, wrapping around ankle and leg and keeping foot exposed ▪ Secure pillow using cravats or other device to tie ends together ▪ Re-assess distal neuro-vascular function ▪ Contact medical direction <p>The candidate will correctly immobilize a dislocated shoulder using the following procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Assess distal neuro-vascular function ▪ Apply sling using triangular bandage or
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	.6 wounds, wound healing and infection	On a written exam	The candidate will describe laceration, incision and puncture wound, treatment of each type of wound, list signs of infection and treatment for infection	<p>commercial-type sling. Knot of sling should not be pressing on neck</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Using a cravat or other binding, apply swath over sling and around body. ▪ Re-assess distal neuro-vascular function <p>The candidate will correctly identify 70% of the following on a written test:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Laceration: an open wound, usually with jagged, irregular edges ▪ Incision: open wound caused by sharp object, smooth edged and bleeds freely ▪ Puncture: open wound caused by sharp, pointed object. ▪ Wound care: clean wound by flushing with 0.9% NaCl. Clean surrounding area with povidone or other cleansing agent. <p>Dress wound with sterile dressing. If wound is very deep, pack wound with packing material such as saline saturated sterile gauze or sterile iodoform packing material. Contact medical direction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Puncture wound: Do not remove impaled object, stabilize with packing. If no object is impaled, treat as open wound. Contact medical direction ▪ List signs of wound infection to include: reddening at wound site, purulent drainage, foul odor, foul smell from wound and increased local temperature or body temperature. ▪ Treatment for infected wound: contact
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	.7 pain relief	On a written exam	The candidate will identify procedures in managing systemic pain	<p>medical direction. Clean wound by flushing with 0.9% NaCl or other cleansing or antimicrobial agents as instructed by medical direction. Administer antibiotics as instructed by medical direction</p> <p>The candidate will correctly identify 70% of the following on a written test:</p> <p>Procedures for administering pain medication include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Obtain medical direction before giving medication ▪ Have patient describe pain in terms of location, onset, provocation, quality, radiation, severity prior to administering medication ▪ Obtain vital signs of patient prior to administering medication ▪ Carefully watch patient for potential side effects after giving pain medication. ▪ After medication has had time to take affect, re-assess patient for signs of pain relief, to include re-taking vital signs. ▪ Document all assessments and information about pain administration including dose, route, time administered and by whom administered.
		On a written exam	The candidate will identify procedures in managing local pain	<p>The candidate will correctly identify 70% of the following on a written test:</p> <p>Lidocaine 1% injectable can be used as local anesthetic prior to cleaning or suturing a wound.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Inject frequently into the subcutaneous tissue surrounding the wound

	<p>.8 techniques of sewing and clamping</p>	<p>Given a simulated wound, suturing needle and thread, clamps and suture removal scissors.</p> <p>On a written exam</p>	<p>The candidate will demonstrate a method to suture a wound and method to remove sutures</p> <p>The candidate will identify wounds that may be sutured and criteria for removing sutures</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Use syringe with fine gauge needle Frequently aspirate with syringe to avoid intravenous injection. ▪ Have epinephrine 1:1000, 1 ml available for allergic reaction <p>The candidate will demonstrate a standard instrument tie and will correctly do the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Use clamps to approximate the wound edges ▪ Tie all knots to one side of the wound ▪ Begin sutures at center of wound and proceed outward ▪ Use strategic sutures to match up obvious points in irregular wounds <p>The candidate will demonstrate suture removal to include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Lift suture with forceps ▪ Cut suture near skin surface <p>The candidate will correctly identify 70% of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Wound should be less than 6-8 hours old to be sutured ▪ Small wounds only, not major, deep wounds ▪ Contaminated wounds cannot be sutured such as those exposed to feces, animal tissue or bite wounds ▪ Sutures can be removed generally after 7-10 days. ▪ Consult medical advisor prior to removing sutures.
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	<p>.9 management of acute abdominal conditions</p>	<p>On a written exam</p>	<p>The candidate will identify signs and symptoms of acute abdominal conditions and emergency treatment</p>	<p>The candidate will be able to identify 70% of the following signs, symptoms and treatments of acute appendicitis:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Right lower quadrant pain ▪ Rebound tenderness ▪ Elevated temperature ▪ Nausea and vomiting ▪ Treatment: withhold all oral intake ▪ Treatment: do not use enemas or laxatives ▪ Treatment: initiate intravenous fluids as directed by medical direction ▪ Plan emergency evacuation
	<p>.10 minor surgical treatment</p>	<p>On a written exam</p>	<p>The candidate will identify the steps in the procedure to: treat a skin abscess, remove a splinter and drain a subungual hematoma (contusion under a nail)</p>	<p>The candidate will be able to identify correctly at least 70% of the following.</p> <p>Skin Abscess</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Identified as a localized collection of pus under the skin ▪ Treat by applying warm compresses to promote spontaneous drainage. If this fails; ▪ Incise and drain as follows: ▪ Cleanse area of skin with antimicrobial ▪ Use sterile scalpel to open abscess and allow to drain ▪ Irrigate cavity with sterile saline ▪ For large cavity, pack with petroleum jelly impregnated gauze wound packing material. <p>To remove a splinter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Use a bright light focused on the wound and determine the orientation of the splinter ▪ Press gently on the base of the wound, pushing towards the wound entrance ▪ Grasp splinter with tweezers and pull

	.11 Dressing and bandaging	On a written exam	The candidate will identify the steps for treating an abdominal evisceration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ straight out ▪ Clean and dress the wound. <p>Treatment for subungual contusion</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Use straightened paper clip or similar wire object ▪ Use intense heat to heat tip of wire to sterilize, holding with clamps or pliers ▪ Press tip of heated wire through nail into area of discoloration (contusion) ▪ Withdraw tip when blood drains from nail ▪ When nail stops draining blood, apply dressing to nail <p>The candidate will be able to correctly identify the following critical elements</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Withhold all food and water from victim ▪ Do not repack organs into abdominal cavity ▪ Apply sterile dressing moistened with sterile saline ▪ Cover with occlusive dressing <p>The candidate will demonstrate the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Observe for entrance and exit wound ▪ Cover wound(s) with occlusive dressing ▪ Tape three sides of wound ▪ Monitor respiratory effort of victim
	.Aspects of nursing: .1 general principles	Given occlusive dressing materials, tape and a simulated chest wound	The candidate will correctly bandage a sucking chest wound	<p>The candidate will identify principles of nursing care to include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ the need to maintain adequate nutrition ▪ the need to provide adequate hygiene for a patient
	.2 nursing care	On a written exam	The candidate will be able to identify general principles of nursing care.	<p>1. The candidate will insert a urinary drainage catheter for both a male and female,</p>
		Given a real or simulated	1. The candidate will	

		<p>patient, supplies for urinary catheter insertion, naso-gastric tube insertion and medication injections</p>	<p>demonstrate insertion of a urinary drainage catheter (male and female),</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. insertion of a naso-gastric tube, 3. medication injection via intramuscular and 4. subcutaneous route 	<p>correctly performing the following elements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Maintain correct sterile technique ▪ Cleanse the meatus ▪ Lubricate the catheter ▪ Insert catheter into urethra until urine drain. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. The candidate will demonstrate insertion of a naso-gastric tube, correctly performing the following elements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Utilize proper body substance isolation precautions ▪ Measure length of tube to be inserted ▪ Lubricate tube ▪ Position patient ▪ Insert tube via nose ▪ Demonstrate one test to confirm placement ▪ Secure tube to nose with tape 3. Medication injection via intramuscular route: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Given a medication order, calculate proper dosage ▪ Identify correct medication and confirm expiration date ▪ Draw up correct dosage from medication vial using sterile technique, checking medication to medication order at least three times and utilizing correct needle and syringe for injection based on location of injection and amount of medication ▪ Locate injection site (deltoid, gluteal or vastus lateralis) ▪ Cleanse injection site with alcohol pad using circular motion ▪ Insert needle into muscle at 90° angle ▪ Aspirate syringe, and if no blood,
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	<p>Diseases, including: .1 medical conditions and emergencies</p>	<p>On a written exam</p>	<p>The candidate will identify signs and symptoms of the following diseases and initial emergency treatments:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hypoglycemia 2. Hyperglycemia 3. Anaphylaxis 4. Dehydration 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Inject medication <p>4. Medication injection via subcutaneous route:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Given a medication order, calculate proper dosage ▪ Identify correct medication and confirm expiration date ▪ Draw up correct dosage from medication vial using sterile technique, checking medication to medication order at least three times and utilizing correct needle and syringe for injection based on location of injection and amount of medication ▪ Locate injection site ▪ Cleanse injection site with alcohol pad using circular motion ▪ Insert needle into subcutaneous tissue at 45° angle ▪ Aspirate syringe, and if no blood, ▪ Inject medication <p>The candidate will identify at least 70% of regarding each of the below:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hypoglycemia <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Signs and symptoms: low blood sugar level, decreased mental alertness, elevated heart rate, cold clammy skin, hunger, seizures ▪ Treatment: give sugar, provide life support measures as needed 2. Hyperglycemia: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Signs and symptoms: high blood sugar; stupor/decreased mental status; acetone-
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	.2 sexually transmitted diseases	On a written exam	<p>The candidate will identify signs, symptoms and treatments for the following sexually transmitted diseases:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Gonorrhea 2. Syphilis 3. Genital herpes 	<p>breath; increased thirst and urination; dry mouth; skin warm & dry; Kussmaul's respirations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Treatment: Maintain airway; administer oxygen; determine blood sugar level and anticipate administering insulin under medical direction <p>3. Anaphylaxis:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Signs and Symptoms: generalized swelling and itching; wheezing, airway obstruction; nausea; vomiting; rapidly falling blood pressure and weak thready pulse; seizures and death ▪ Treatment: Maintain airway; give oxygen; administer epinephrine 1:1000 0.3 cc IM or SC up to three doses. May also administer antihistamines. Treat for shock. <p>4. Dehydration:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Signs and Symptoms: weak, rapid pulse; dry, cracked lips; sunken eyes, postural syncope, urine specific gravity > 1.030 ▪ Treatment: Increase oral fluid and electrolyte intake. If unconscious, administer IV fluids as directed by medical direction <p>The candidate will correctly identify at least 70% of the regarding each disease listed below.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Gonorrhea: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Method of transmission: usually sexual contact ▪ Signs and Symptoms: Incubation period 2-21 days. Begins with tingling sensation in urethra followed by purulent, yellow-green discharge. Women may have mild
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	.3 tropical and infectious diseases	On a written exam	<p>The candidate will identify</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. signs, symptoms and treatments for systemic infections in general and 2. malaria, 3. hepatitis-A, 4. hepatitis-B 	<p>symptoms.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Treatment: Cease all sexual activity. Contact medical advise for antibiotic therapy <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Syphilis: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Signs and Symptoms: Primary syphilis; Painless lesion (chancre) at sight of infection. Secondary syphilis; Cutaneous rash may appear 6 - 12 weeks after infection, most florid after 3 - 4 months. ▪ Treatment: Cease all sexual activity. Contact medical advise for prescribed antibiotic therapy. 3. Genital herpes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Signs and symptoms: itching and soreness preceding a small patch of erythema. Small vesicles develop. Usually heal in 10 days. ▪ Treatment: No cure available. Maintain contact isolation. Keep infected area clean and dry. Wear loose clothes for comfort. <p>The candidate will correctly identify at least 70% of the following.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Signs and symptoms of systemic infection: Fever, flushed skin, rapid pulse, increased breathing rate, sweating. May have loss of weight, nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhea. 2. Malaria: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Signs and symptoms: If recently or currently in potential risk are for malaria (transmitted by mosquitoes); flu-like symptoms such as fever, chills, headache and generalized aches and pains. Infection confirmed by blood test.
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	Alcohol and drug abuse	On a written test	The candidate will identify signs of alcohol and drug abuse and treatments for alcohol and drug intoxication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Treatment: Prophylactic treatment to prevent infection when entering areas at risk. If ill, obtain medical advice for medication therapy. <p>3. Hepatitis-A:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Signs and symptoms: viral infection commonly transmitted by contaminated food and water. Fever, jaundice, fatigue, nausea. ▪ Treatment: Prevention using vaccine and/or immuno-globulin. Treat infection by supportive measures such as rest and good nutrition. Contact medical advise <p>4. Hepatitis-B:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Signs and symptoms: Jaundice, fever, general malaise. Transmitted through contact with infected blood or body fluids. May be sexually transmitted ▪ Treatment: Prevention with HBV vaccine and avoiding contact with others blood or body fluids. Supportive care measures (nutrition & rest) to improve immune system. <p>The candidate will correctly identify at least 70% of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Signs and symptoms of alcohol intoxication to include; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Central nervous system depression resulting in coma and/or death ▪ Slurred speech ▪ Decreased mental status ▪ Increased blood/alcohol concentration using an breath analysis device 2. Treatment for acute alcohol intoxication to include; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Maintaining airway, breathing and
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	Dental care	On a written exam	Describe signs and symptoms of toothache and dental abscess and identify treatment for each	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> circulation ▪ Use of medications such as diazepam to treat delirium tremums <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Signs of drug abuse to include; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Altered mental status and behavioral changes ▪ Changes in pupillary size and reaction 4. Identify key differences between the actions of opiates, hallucinogens and stimulants <p>The candidate will correctly identify at least 70% of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Toothache; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Cause: nerve exposed by tooth cavity, treated by; ▪ Cleaning cavity ▪ Pain medication as needed ▪ Applying temporary filling 2. Dental abscess <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Infection of the gum ▪ Contact medical advisor ▪ Anticipate antibiotic therapy
	Gynecology, pregnancy and childbirth	On a written exam	Identify signs, symptoms and treatments for the following gynecological conditions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. ectopic pregnancy 2. miscarriage 3. pregnancy, describing procedures for assisting with childbirth 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The candidate will be able to identify 70% of the following signs, symptoms and treatments of ectopic pregnancy. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Signs of pregnancy ▪ Dull pain on affected side, becoming severe, lower quadrant pain ▪ Signs and symptoms of shock ▪ Treatment: treat for shock ▪ Anticipate IV fluids and antibiotics ▪ Plan emergency medical evacuation 2. The candidate will be to identify correctly at least 70% of the following regarding

	Medical care of rescued persons	On a written exam	<p>The candidate will identify common conditions and treatments for rescued persons, to include:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. hypothermia 2. hyperthermia 3. dehydration 	<p>miscarriage;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Usually preceded by slight vaginal bleeding in a pregnant woman ▪ Usually painful with increased bleeding and increased, continuing pain. ▪ Take vital signs ▪ Treat for shock ▪ Contact radio medical advisor <p>3. The candidate will correctly identify at least 70% of the following regarding pregnancy:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Signs and symptoms include missed menstrual cycles, enlarged breasts, increased pigmentation of breast nipples, “morning sickness,” positive test for pregnancy ▪ Do not give any medication to a pregnant woman without medical authorization <p>The candidate will correctly identify procedures to assist with childbirth, to include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Indications of imminent delivery ▪ Steps to assist in delivery such as patient position and supporting emerging infant ▪ Describe how and when to cut the cord ▪ List steps in delivery of placenta ▪ List steps in post-delivery care of mother and baby ▪ Describe steps to control excessive bleeding <p>The candidate will correctly identify at least 70% of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hypothermia <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Signs and symptoms to include lowered core body temperature, decreased mental alertness ▪ Treatment to include gradual warming of the
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	Death at sea	On a written exam	The candidate will describe method to determine cause of death and procedures to prepare body for storage	<p>body</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Risks during re-warming including shock and increased pain <p>2. Hyperthermia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Signs and symptoms including those for heat exhaustion and heat stroke ▪ Treatment for heat exhaustion and heat stroke including that heat stroke is life threatening and requires immediate cooling ▪ Describe methods to cool patient including removing from hot environment, loosening clothing and placing ice to groin, armpits and neck <p>3. Dehydration</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Describe signs and symptoms ▪ Describe treatment (re-hydration) <p>The candidate will correctly identify at least 70% of the following:</p> <p>1. Cause of death</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Determine whether cause of death is natural, accidental or intentional by; ▪ Examining the deceased ▪ Inspect for signs of injury or illness ▪ Observe conditions surrounding deceased ▪ Photograph and document death scene ▪ Ensure that deceased is properly identified <p>3. Preparation of deceased</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Thoroughly wash and dry the body ▪ Pack cavities with cotton plugging ▪ Bind arms and ankles together ▪ Wrap in sheet or body bag ▪ Place in cold storage (not freezer)
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	<p>Keeping records and copies of applicable regulations:</p> <p>.1 keeping medical records</p> <p>.2 international and national maritime medical regulations</p>	On a written exam	<p>The candidate will identify</p> <p>1. minimum information to maintain on medical records and</p> <p>2. international maritime medical regulations</p>	<p>poliomyelitis</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Keep personal vaccination record on board <p>The candidate will correctly identify at least 70% of the following regarding keeping medical records</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Patient’s demographic information ▪ Medical history ▪ Signs, symptoms ▪ Record of medical advice ▪ Record of treatments, by whom and evaluation of treatments ▪ Duty to report suspicious deaths ▪ Duty to report know or suspected infectious disease or plague
Participates in coordinated schemes for medical assistance to ships	<p>External assistance, including:</p> <p>.1 radio medical advice</p> <p>.2 transportation of the ill and injured, including helicopter evacuation</p> <p>.3 medical care of the sick seafarers involving co-operation with port health authorities or out-patient wards in port</p>	On a written exam	<p>The candidate will identify:</p> <p>1. Minimum information required for radio medical advice</p> <p>2. Methods to prepare patient for evacuation including ship-to-helicopter and ship-to-ship.</p>	<p>The candidate will correctly identify at least 70% of the following regarding information to be given in order to obtain radio medical advice, to include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Patient demographic information ▪ Chief complaint ▪ Signs and symptoms including vital signs ▪ Allergies ▪ Past medical history ▪ Prior treatments <p>3. The candidate will correctly identify at least 70% of the following regarding patient evacuation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Need determined by nature of illness or injury ▪ Request for helicopter evacuation should include; ship’s position, patient’s condition, radio frequency for ship-to-aircraft communication, wind and weather conditions

			<p>3. cooperation with port health authorities</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Preparation for ship-to-air evacuation should include clearing the deck, securing patient in stretcher, preparing medical records to accompany patient ▪ Follow directions of helicopter crew ▪ If handling hoist wire, wear rubber gloves to avoid static electricity ▪ Ship-to-ship transfer is dangerous ▪ Ship with highest freeboard provides illumination <p>The candidate will correctly identify 70% of the following regarding cooperation with port health authorities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Prior to arrival to port, the following should be reported to port health; ▪ Death other than by accident ▪ Illness where the patient had; temperature of 38°C or greater accompanied by glandular swelling, or jaundice, or which persisted more than 48 hours ▪ Severe diarrhea ▪ A person with a known or suspected infectious disease ▪ Any animal or captive bird ▪ Any large outbreak of death of rodents (rats) on board ship ▪ Any other unusual circumstances that could cause infectious disease
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