

DATE: 30Jul 2005

(b)6 & 7 (c)

SCENARIO: While mixing up some meat loaf with the floor mixer in the galley, FS1 **XXX** attempts to push the meat down in to the mixing blades when all of a sudden her right hand is caught in the blades causing her hand to be amputated.

TRAINING MODE: Evaluation

OBJECTIVES:

1. 1001.4 Provide first Aid to a casualty with an amputation.

TIME	LOCATION/ W/S POSITION	TYPE INJURY (CATEGORY)	ITT MEMBER EVALUAT ING	METHOD OF DISCLOSURE	TRAINING/EVAL OBJECTIVE	REMARKS IF CORRECT ACTIONS TAKEN RTD	EFFECTIVENESS		
							Watch standers	Training team	Objective met
0945	Galley/ FS1 XXX	Right Hand Amputation	HSC XXX	MOULAGE	EO 1001.12		Y	Y	Y
							N	N	N

SAFETY

GAR Eval/SAFETY: Green

1. Transportation will be simulated unless ships MEDICAL REPRESENTATIVE is present to supervise AND a minimum of 4 stretcher-bearers is present. Under no circumstances will a patient be carried up or down ladders.
2. In the event of an actual personal casualty that is beyond the scope of the immediate watchstanders, the medical portion of the drill will be suspended and the HS will be dispatched to the scene.

0- No Risk

10- Max Risk

Planning (Definition, Scope): 2

Supervision (Direct, Level): 2

Crew Selection (Quals): 3

Crew Fitness (Fatigue, Ect.): 4

Environment (Night/Day, Weather, Conflicts): 2

Evolution Complexity (Location, Length): 2

Equipment: 2

Total: 17

HSC **XXX**
MDR/MTT

CDR xxx
Executive Officer

Capt **XXX**
Commanding Officer

	Enabling Objectives and Measures of Performance	Objectives Met?
	MUST ACHIEVE 100% OF CRITICAL STEPS AND 70% OF NON-CRITICAL	
1001.4	<i>Provide First Aid to a casualty with an Amputation</i>	
1001.4.1	Was prompt self-aid/buddy-aid started?	Yes No N/A
1001.4.2	Was the casualty reported? If so, a complete and accurate plot of the casualty must be maintained on the bridge, in repair lockers, DCC, and BDS's.	Yes No N/A
1001.4.3	Did watchstanders obtain any needed assistance from other watchstanders or request stretcher bearers if on-scene personnel can not adequately handle the casualty?	Yes No N/A
1001.4.4	Were watchstanders familiar with the location and contents of the closest first aid supplies in their area?	Yes No N/A
1001.4.5	Was direct pressure, elevation, and a pressure point used in an attempt to control the bleeding? At least two battle dressings should be applied before using a tourniquet.	Yes No N/A
1001.4.6	If a tourniquet was used, was it applied only as a last resort after other methods to control bleeding have failed? a. Was the tourniquet applied as close to the wound edge as possible? b. Was knowledge NOT to loosen or remove the tourniquet once it has been applied demonstrated? c. Was the forehead marked with a "T" and the time the tourniquet was applied? d. If the tourniquet was initially used before other means to control bleeding, was the wound covered with an appropriate dressing?	Yes No N/A
1001.4.7	Did watchstanders attempt to retrieve the amputated body part and demonstrate knowledge of how to preserve the severed limb?	Yes No N/A
1001.4.8	Was a head to toe check for further injuries conducted?	Yes No N/A
1001.4.9	Was the casualty treated for shock?	Yes No N/A