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9600 Useful Formulas

The tables that follow contain some of the most commonly used formulas and conversions when responding to oil spills or chemical releases. Additional sources include *Handbook of Chemistry and Physics* and *Pocket Reference* (by Thomas Glover).

9610 Estimating Spill Sizes

9610.1 Sheens

You've just boomed off a diesel spill that measures approximately 300 yards by 200 yards. The spill is bright rainbow sheen. Use the following calculation to estimate the amount spilled.

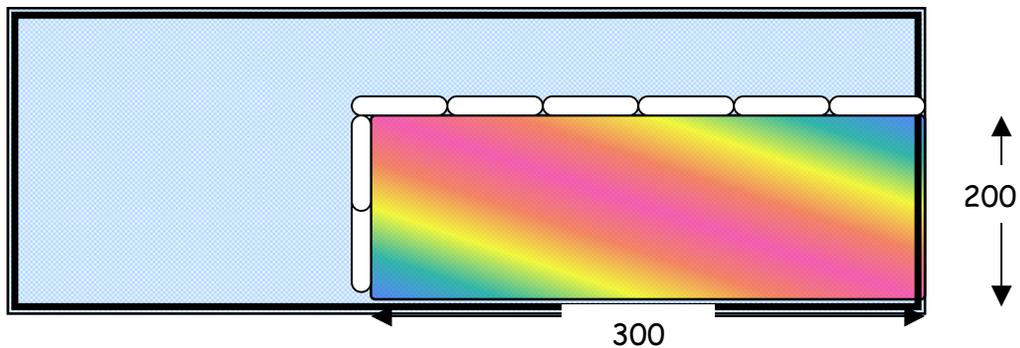


Table 1: Estimating Oil Spill Amount

Spill Thickness Conversions

- Silvery Sheen .0000315 Gals/Sq Yard
- First Colors .0000630 Gals/ Sq Yard
- Bright Rainbow .000126 Gals/ Sq Yard
- Dull Colors .000378 Gals/ Sq Yard
- Dark Colors .001134 Gals/ Sq Yard

Multiply (spill thickness) x (length in yards) x (width in yards)
.000126 Gals/ Sq Yards x 300 yards x 200 yards = **7.56 gallons spilled**

9610.2 Film & Emulsions

You have just boomed off a spill that is 20 yards wide by 50 yards long. You have a 1/4" amber colored diesel film. This conversion assumes even coating of the spill across the surface of the water and should only be used as estimation.

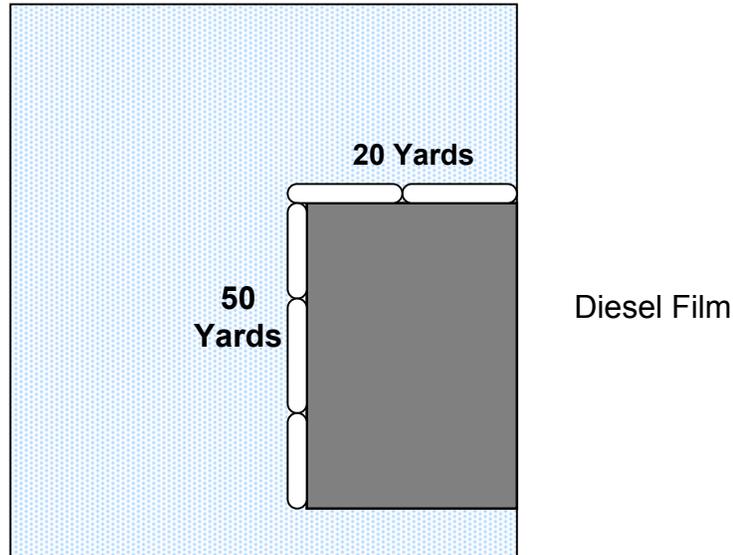


Table 2: Estimating Oil Spill Amount

| | |
|-------------------------|---------|
| Cubic Inches to Gallons | .004329 |
| Yard to inches | 36 |

Multiply (spill thickness) x (length in inches) x (width in inches)

$$\begin{aligned} &.25" \times 50 \text{ yards} \times 20 \text{ yards} \\ &.25" \times 1800 \text{ cu"} \times 720 \text{ cu"} = 324,000 \text{ cu"} \\ &324,000 \text{ cu"} \times .004329 = \mathbf{1,402 \text{ gallons spilled}} \end{aligned}$$

9620 Temperature Conversions

| Temperature | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|--|----------------|-------------------|
| Celsius | Fahrenheit | | Celsius | Fahrenheit |
| 0 | 32 | | 110 | 230 |
| 1 | 34 | | 115 | 239 |
| 5 | 41 | | 120 | 248 |
| 10 | 50 | | 125 | 257 |
| 15 | 59 | | 130 | 266 |
| 20 | 68 | | 135 | 275 |
| 25 | 77 | | 140 | 284 |
| 30 | 86 | | 145 | 293 |
| 35 | 95 | | 150 | 302 |
| 40 | 104 | | 155 | 311 |
| 45 | 113 | | 160 | 320 |
| 50 | 122 | | 165 | 329 |
| 55 | 131 | | 170 | 338 |
| 60 | 140 | | 175 | 347 |
| 65 | 149 | | 180 | 356 |
| 70 | 158 | | 185 | 365 |
| 75 | 167 | | 190 | 374 |
| 80 | 176 | | 195 | 383 |
| 85 | 185 | | 200 | 392 |
| 90 | 194 | | 205 | 401 |
| 95 | 203 | | 210 | 410 |
| 100 | 212 | | 215 | 419 |
| 105 | 221 | | | |

Table 3: Temperature Conversions

9630 Chemistry Conversions

9630.1 DOT Hazard Classes

<http://hazmat.dot.gov/guidebook.htm>

9630.2 Specific Gravity

Water = 1

>1 = Sink <1 = Float

9630.3 Vapor Density

Air = 1

>1 = Sink <1 = Rise

9630.4 pH

>7 = Base <7 = Acid