

- Check prescription medicines; obtain at least a 10-day to two-week supply.
- Do laundry and other housework so you have clean clothes and dishes in case water goes out.
- Withdraw about a week's worth of cash from the bank.
- Check and replenish first aid supplies.
- Move computers, televisions and other electronics away from windows and doors to prevent water damage.
- Pregnant women should make arrangements with the hospital if you are beyond the 37th week, or 36th week for high-risk pregnancies.

www.npmoc.navy.mil/jtwc.html

Emergency: 911
 Naval Hospital ER: 344-9232
 CG PERSRU: 339-2001x105
 Navy Security: 333-2989
 Chaplain: CNM 339-2126
 NCTS 355-5415

TYPHOON SURVIVAL

U.S. COAST GUARD
SECTOR GUAM

DURING TYPHOON

- Stay inside and away from windows. Watch television or listen to the radio bulletins. If you are in a low-lying area or do not have a concrete home or storm shutters, consider seeking shelter elsewhere.
- Stay inside, even when the eye of the typhoon is passing and all appears to be calm, as heavy winds will soon follow from the opposite direction.
- Fill in holes around doors with old towels or blankets; if these gaps are left open, it may lead to flooding.
- Turn off and unplug all appliances. Shut off the main gas valve and power switch. Use surge protectors on major appliances and phone lines to avoid power spikes.

AFTER TYPHOON

- Check for injuries. Apply first aid. Do not move seriously injured people, unless they are in immediate danger. Call EMS. Only call emergency services (police, ambulance, fire, hospital) if you actually need assistance.
- Look for hazards. Check for damaged electrical wiring, broken glass and structural damage.
- Assess emergency supplies, food and water, and determine priority needs.
- Stay away from damaged areas, fallen wires and downed trees. Do not enter areas blocked off by authorities. Do not use your vehicle except for emergencies. Keep streets clear. Do not go sightseeing in disaster areas. Treat all intersections with traffic signals that are not working as four way stops.
- Check with neighbors. Lend others a hand.



INFORMATION

National Weather Service

www.nws.noaa.gov/pr/guam

Joint Typhoon Warning Center

TYPHOON TERMS

Depression: General term for a low-pressure tropical weather system with rotary circulation and accompanying rain.

Tropical Disturbance: A moving area of thunderstorms in the tropics that maintains its identity for 24hrs or more.

Tropical Depression: A tropical cyclone with rotary wind circulation and maximum sustained surface winds of 38 mph.

Tropical Storm: A tropical cyclone with distinct circulation and wind speeds of 39 to 73 mph.

Typhoon: A tropical cyclone with strong pronounced rotary winds and maximum sustained surface winds of 74 mph.

Super typhoon: A tropical cyclone with maximum sustained wind speed in excess of 149 mph.

TYPHOON CONDITIONS

Condition 4: Normal conditions, 72 hrs before damaging winds make landfall.

Condition 3: Tropical storm and typhoon watch, 48 hr notice. Take immediate action. Make preparations to protect your family and property.

Condition 2: Tropical storm and typhoon warning, 24 hr notice. Sustained winds of 40-73 mph or more are expected.

Condition 1: Take cover, 12 hrs or less before the storm makes landfall.

TYPHOON SUPPLIES LIST

Power and water outages are common occurrences on Guam, and there are some items listed below that no household should be without regardless of whether it is typhoon season. All households should also have an emergency evacuation plan.

- Candles, matches, flashlights and extra batteries
- Non perishable food such as canned meat, fruit, vegetables, canned and powdered milk and juices
- Non electric can opener
- Several gallons of drinking water
- First aid kit
- Supply of medications
- Battery operated radio
- Extra batteries
- Cell phone with charged up battery
- Lamps with extra fuel Masking or duct tape, rope and scissors
- Utility knife

- Sheets of plastic to protect furniture and carpets in case of water seepage
- Plenty of towels and rags
- Disposable utensils and dinnerware
- Several bags of ice, stored in a deep freeze or a cooler
- Portable stove
- Battery powered clock
- Books and games for entertainment
- Infant supplies/family toiletries
- Water for bathroom and dishwashing

BEFORE TYPHOON

- Twelve hours before the storm, turn your refrigerator and freezer to the highest setting.
- Clean the refrigerator before the storm hits, to minimize spoilage and odor in case power goes out for a long time.
- Clean your yard. Make sure there is no debris that can fly into or come in contact with power lines, your windows or your car.
- Install a clamp at the base of your weather head or on your roof to lessen the tension between your service line and weather head.
- The water may go out during or after a typhoon, so it is important to have a large supply. Fill up a few gallons for drinking and some for washing, cooking and bathing. Many residents also fill a bathtub with extra water to use for flushing the toilet.
- Park your car in a carport or garage if you have one, or on the leeward side of the house.
- Secure all-important documents in plastic bags and store them where they will be safe from harm.
- Arrange flashlights, lanterns, candles and lighters where adults can easily find them.
- Fill up the gas tank in your car.

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M/V TRANS PACIFIC

ETA: 01 AUG 05 2200

ETD: 02 AUG 05 0200

VIN:8025214

FLAG:PM

-0 DEFS

-LAST ANNUAL: 31 MAR 05

-LAST ISPS: 31 MAR 05

-ISPS III / PRIORITY II

AGENT: INCHCAPE / DION CADIZ 687-2621 OR 477-5921

LTW